UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD [510737-H]



ANNUAL REPORT 2015

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CHAIRMAN'S Statement

DEAR VALUED SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In financial year 2015, the Group managed to deliver a satisfactory performance despite facing intense business competition and sustained market challenges.

Overall, performance of the Group's products in both international and domestic markets were better than the previous year. In the international front, improved demand largely came from ASEAN markets while the Middle East remained stable but tough. In the domestic market, the Group managed to sustain its performance as we continue to seize opportunities in the oil and gas, power and infrastructure related projects. The Group also benefitted from demand arising from the implementation of various government transformation projects and other private sector investments. The Group remained focused in enhancing its competitive position through internal process improvements. These efforts have paid dividends and enabled us to weather the difficult business environment and deliver another positive performance. Operations wise, the Group's CSS plants were producing at their highest capacity utilisation rate during the year. Under the circumstances, the additional capacity coming through from our new Nilai plant this year will definitely enable us to fulfil market requirements even better.

GROUP PERFORMANCE

For the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Group achieved a revenue of RM179.1 million, a 4.0 % increase against the previous financial year. After accounting for tax, profit for the year at RM26.0 million was 12.1% higher compared to the corresponding period last year. This translates into earnings of 19.0 sen per share.

PROSPECTS

We anticipate market conditions will be challenging in 2016.

Growth in the developed economies is forecasted to be relatively subdued in the coming year. We will continue to pursue growth in overseas markets, especially the Middle East region. We anticipate demand to remain strong from emerging markets, especially ASEAN and its neighbours. This demand is expected to come from new development projects. Under the circumstances, the Group remain optimistic in repeating its success to secure contracts for various projects and expect it to maintain its contribution to the Group in financial year 2016.

In the domestic market, we anticipate the market growth to be small with demand coming from the implementation of government infrastructure projects and private sector investments in oil and gas, power, property, high rise residential and commercial developments.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT'D)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is committed to observing the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance (2012) and Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and has ensured that a high standard of corporate governance is practiced throughout the Group to safeguard the Group's assets, operations and shareholder value. Our statement on corporate governance can be found on pages 9 to 18.

There were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiary companies, Directors or management by the relevant regulatory bodies in 2015.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group is committed to Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") by integrating it into the business operations.

During the year, the Group continued to support charitable foundations which are involved in disaster relief programmes. Internally, use of recycled paper where applicable is highly encouraged, and the company practice switching off lighting and airconditioning in the offices when not in use to save energy.

The Group continues to place great importance on the need to protect our environment. The Group's business responsibility, while geared towards increasing profitability, is also to maintain its good manufacturing practices and to adhere to national environmental policies at all times. All manufacturing sites are pursuing their own waste reduction programmes.

WORD OF APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank the Directors, the management and all employees of the Group for their dedicated services, commitment, loyalty and contribution during 2015. No doubt financial year 2016 will continue to be very challenging but I have confidence in the Group's management capacity and ability to overcome whatever difficulties that may present themselves.

I would also like to take this opportunity to thank the Regulatory Authorities, shareholders, customers, business associates, clients, bankers, sub-contractors and suppliers for their continuing support, trust and confidence to the Group.

I appreciate the trust and opportunity given to me to assume the position of Chairman of a distinguished Group like United U-LI Corporation Berhad. I shall endeavour to give my utmost in discharging the responsibilities entrusted upon me. With the support of my co-directors, the management and staff and other stakeholders, I am hopeful that my job would be made much easier.

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail Chairman

Date: 24 March 2016

DIRECTORATE & CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah (Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer)

Dato' Lee Yoon Kong (Executive Director)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Teow Lai Seng (Executive Director)

Chim Wai Khuan (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Wong Chow Lan (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Lokman Bin Mansor (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Shariff Bin Mohd Shah (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)

SECRETARIES

Koay Soo Ngoh (MAICSA 0856746) Foo Li Ling (MAICSA 7019557)

REGISTERED OFFICE

62C, Jalan SS21/62 Damansara Utama 47400 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel No. : + (603) 7727 2806 / 7729 3337 Fax No. : + (603) 7729 3619

HEAD/MANAGEMENT OFFICE

33, Jalan Kartunis U1/47 Temasya Industrial Park Seksyen U1 40150 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel No. : + (603) 5569 5999 Fax No. : + (603) 5569 4170 e-mail : hq@uli.com.my Website : www.uli.com.my

MANUFACTURING PLANTS

Lot 7, Jalan 6/1 Kawasan Perindustrian Seri Kembangan 43300 Seri Kembangan Selangor Darul Ehsan

25 & 27 Jalan Taming Lima Taman Taming Jaya 43300 Seri Kembangan Selangor Darul Ehsan

Lot 5 (PT7907), Jalan Balakong 43300 Seri Kembangan Selangor Darul Ehsan

Lot 44, Jalan Cetak Tasek Industrial Estate 31400 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan

Branch Office 1 Jalan Seroja 54 Taman Johor Jaya 81100 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim

REGISTRAR

Symphony Share Registrars Sdn Bhd. Level 6, Symphony House Pusat Dagangan Dana 1 Jalan PJU 1A/46 47301 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel No. : + (603) 7849 0777 Fax No. : + (603) 7841 8151 / 8152

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng Chartered Accountants

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chim Wai Khuan - Independent, Non-Executive (Chairman)

Wong Chow Lan - Independent, Non-Executive Director

Lokman Bin Mansor - Independent, Non-Executive Director DIRECTORATE & CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONT'D)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail - Independent, Non-Executive Director (Chairman)

Chim Wai Khuan - Independent, Non-Executive Director

Wong Chow Lan - Independent, Non-Executive Director

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail - Independent, Non-Executive Director (Chairman)

Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah - Group Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer

Chim Wai Khuan - Independent, Non-Executive Director

Wong Chow Lan - Independent, Non-Executive Director

GROUP PRINCIPAL BANKERS

United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad 39-45, Jalan Othman 46000 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

Hong Leong Bank Berhad Lot 43 & 45, Jalan USJ 10/1G Taipan Triangle 47620 Subang Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

SOLICITORS

Cheang & Ariff Advocates & Solicitors 39 Court @ Loke Mansion 273A, Jalan Medan Tuanku 50300 Kuala Lumpur

Tay & Helen Wong Suite 703, Block F, Phileo Damansara I 9 Jalan 16/11, 46350 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

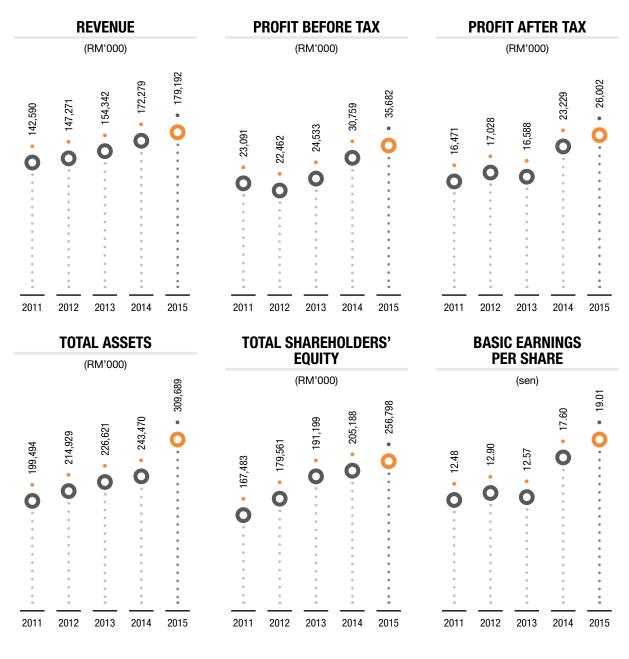
STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Code : 7133

PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED

Cable Support Systems Cable Management Systems Integrated Ceiling Systems Metal Framing Systems Light Fittings

5 - YEAR GROUP Financial Highlights



RM'000	2011 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000
Revenue	142,590	147,271	154,342	172,279	179,192
Profit Before Tax	23,091	22,462	24,533	30,759	35,682
Profit After Tax	16,471	17,028	16,588	23,229	26,002
Total Assets	199,494	214,929	226,621	243,470	309,689
Total Shareholders' Equity	167,483	179,561	191,199	205,188	256,798
Basic EPS (sen)	12.48	12.90	12.57	17.60	19.01

PROFILE OF **Directors**

TAN SRI DATO' WIRA ABD RAHMAN BIN ISMAIL

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail, a Malaysian, aged 87. is an Independent Non-Executive Director and the Chairman of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. He completed his secondary education at Sultan Abdul Hamid College, Alor Star, Kedah Darul Aman in 1949. He served in the Royal Malaysian Police Force since 1950, holding various posts until 1985 when he retired as the Deputy Inspector General of Police. During his tenure of service, he represented Malaysia in various Interpol and drug enforcement/conferences/seminars/committees at international and regional levels. From 1979 to 1982, he was elected as an executive Committee Member of Interpol and was subsequently elected as Vice President of Interpol from 1984 up to 1985. He tendered his resignation due to his retirement from the Royal Malaysian Police Force. He sits on the Board of all subsidiary companies of the group. He also sits on the Board of several private limited companies. He does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the company. He has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

DATO' WIRA LEE YOON WAH

Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah, a Malaysian, aged 57, is the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He is a member of the Remuneration Committee. He completed his secondary education in 1975 and is one of the founder members of the ULC Group. Presently, he is in charge of the overall management and growth of the Group. He has more than 20 years' working experience in the electrical industry. He is credited for charting the growth of the Group since its inception from a small operation to an industrial concern as it is today. As the driving force behind the Group's growth, he is also responsible for the overall business development, strategic planning as well as the business and corporate development of the Group. He also sits on the Board of all the subsidiary companies of the Group. He is the brother to Dato' Lee Yoon Kong, major shareholder and Director of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

DATO' LEE YOON KONG

Executive Director

Dato' Lee Yoon Kong, a Malaysian, aged 56, is an Executive Director of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He is one of the founder members of the ULC Group. He holds a Diploma in Electrical Engineering. Prior to joining United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("ULSB"), a subsidiary company of ULC, he was the electronics Technician with Amateur Photo Store Sdn. Bhd., the locally appointed agent for AKAI products, from 1979 to 1983. He has more than 20 years' working experience in the electrical industry and has contributed significantly towards the growth of the Group. Presently, he is responsible for the technical, production and manufacturing functions of the Group. He also sits on the Board of all the subsidiary companies of the Group. He is the brother to Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah, major shareholder and Director of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

TEOW LAI SENG

Executive Director

Teow Lai Seng, a Malaysian, aged 54, is an Executive Director of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He has more than 20 years' working experience in the electrical industry. He holds a Diploma in Electronics Engineering and was the Technical and Service Technician with Amateur Photo Store Sdn. Bhd. prior to joining ULSB as a Factory Supervisor in 1982. He was subsequently promoted to Factory Manager in 1990 and is responsible for the overall management and production operations of the factory. He also sits on the Board of certain subsidiary companies of the Group. He does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

CHIM WAI KHUAN

Independent Non-Executive Director

Chim Wai Khuan, a Malaysian, aged 65, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. He is an accountant by training and is currently a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He has vast experience in the areas of accounting, audit, tax and corporate secretarial and consultancy matters, having served in various capacities both in the United Kingdom and in Malaysia from 1975 to 2000. Currently, he is practicing as a Corporate and Management Consultant and also manages his own audit practice under the name of WK Co. He is also the Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Kumpulan Powernet Berhad, a company listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He also sits on the Board of several private limited companies. He does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

WONG CHOW LAN

Independent Non-Executive Director

Wong Chow Lan, a Malaysian, aged 54, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of ULC. She was appointed to the Board on 11 April 2000. She is a member of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee. She is a qualified Chartered Secretary of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators since 1992 and an associate member of The Malaysian Association of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. Currently, she is attached to a consultancy firm. She also sits on the Board of several private limited companies. She does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the Company. She has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. She attended all Board meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

LOKMAN BIN MANSOR

Independent Non-Executive Director

Lokman Bin Mansor, a Malaysian, aged 56, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 21 February 2002. He is a member of the Audit Committee. He graduated with a Bachelor of Architecture from Adelaide University, Australia in 1984. From 1981 to 1982, he was attached with CSL & Associates in the capacity of Architectural Assistant. In 1984, he joined Pakatan Reka Architects as an Assistant Architect before taking up a lecturing position with Institut Teknologi Mara in 1986. From 1987 to 1991, he was appointed as a Director of Binateras-DeG Arkitek Sdn. Bhd.. He has gained vast experience in the area of development and project management in implementation of projects and is also well versed in the various aspects related to property investment, financing and market assessment. He does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

SHARIFF BIN MOHD SHAH

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Shariff Bin Mohd Shah, a Malaysian, aged 67, is a Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of ULC. He was appointed to the Board on 1 October 2003. He graduated with a Bachelor of Economics (Hons) from University of Malaya in 1971. Upon graduation he joined the Administrative and Diplomatic Service (PTD) and posted to the Government Staff Training Centre and then to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. He left government service in 1975 to join Borneo Company (1975) Sdn. Bhd. as Marketing Executive until 1978. He was Marketing Director of the National Livestock Development Corporation between 1978 until 1981. He took up appointment as Manager, Guthrie Malaysia Trading Corporation in 1983 and was the Senior General Manager of the company when he left in 1997. He has wide experience in international trading and marketing. He does not have any family relationship with any Director and / or major shareholder of the Company and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no convictions for offences within the past ten (10) years other than for traffic offences, if any. He attended all five Board Meetings of the Company held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

CORPORATE Governance statements

The Board of Directors of United U-LI Corporation Berhad ("the Board") fully appreciates the importance of adopting high standards of Corporate Governance within the Group. The Board is committed to ensuring that the highest standards of Corporate Governance are consistently observed by the Group. Apart from observance of the Principles and Best Practices on Corporate Governance as set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ('the Code"), the Board has also moved to put in place stringent parameters and measures for adherence by the management.

By promoting integrity and professionalism in the management of the Group's affairs, the Board acknowledges the corporate governance tenets of transparency, accountability, integrity and corporate governance as the prerequisites of a responsible corporate citizen.

The Board is therefore pleased to report that during the financial year ended 31 December 2015, it had practiced good corporate governance in directing and managing the business affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group").

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition and Balance

The Board currently comprises eight (8) members, three (3) of whom are Executive Directors and five (5) Non-Executive Directors. All Non-Executive Directors are Independent and hence fulfil the prescribed requirements for one-third (1/3) of the membership of the Board to be independent Members.

The composition and size of the Board is a well-balanced with an effective mix of Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors, which is in line with the Code and with the right mix of skills and experience. This balance enables the Board to provide clear and effective leadership to the Group and facilitates the Board in making of informed and critical decisions on many aspects of the Group's strategies and performances. The Board structure also ensures that no individual or group of individuals dominates the Board's decision making process.

The Executive Directors who have good knowledge of the business are responsible for implementing corporate strategies and policies as well as charged with the management of the day-to day operations of the business. The Independent Non-Executive Directors play a pivotal role in corporate accountability.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent of management and free from any business relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their judgement or the ability to act in the best interests of the Group and of the minority shareholders. The presence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors are essential in providing the Group with a wider general experience of strategy formulation, unbiased and independent opinions, advices, judgements, objective view of the performance of the management and professionalism to ensure that adequate systems are used to safeguard the interest not only of the Group, but also of minority shareholders and stakeholders of the Group. The tenure of an Independent Director shall not exceed a cumulative term of 9 years.

The Board has identified Mr. Shariff Bin Mohd Shah as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of the Board to whom concerns may be conveyed where it could be inappropriate for the concerns to be dealt with by the Chairman and Managing Director. The Senior Independent Non-Executive Director may be contacted at Tel: +603-5569 5999.

The composition and size of the Board are reviewed from time to time to ensure its appropriateness. The Board is satisfied with its current composition which comprises a balanced mix of skills, knowledge and experience in the business and management fields which are relevant to enable the Board to carry out its responsibilities in an effective and efficient manner.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Clear Roles And Responsibilities

There is a clear and distinct division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Managing Director to ensure a proper balance of power and authority. The Chairman leads the Board in setting values and standards of the Group and is responsible for the effective conduct of the Board. He ensures that information relating to issues on agenda is disseminated to all Directors well before deliberation at Board meetings and facilities the constructive relations between the executive and Non-executive Directors whilst the Managing Director has overall responsibility over the operating units, organisational effectiveness, coordinating the development and implementation of business and corporate strategies as well as the implementation of Board policies and decisions

The Board assumes, amongst others, the following duties and responsibilities:-

- i. reviewing and adopting the overall strategic plans and programmes for the company and group;
- ii. overseeing and evaluating the conduct of business of the company and group;
- iii. identifying principal risks and ensuring implementation of a proper risk management system to manage such risks;
- iv. establishing a succession plan;
- v. developing and implementing a shareholder communication policy for the company;
- vi. reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the management information and internal controls systems of the company and group; and
- vii. the board delegates certain responsibilities to the various board committees with clearly defined terms of reference to assist the board in discharging its responsibilities;

The following are matters which are specifically reserved for the Board:-

- i. approval of corporate plans and programmes;
- ii. approval of annual budgets, including major capital commitments;
- iii. approval of new ventures;
- iv. approval of material acquisition and disposals of undertakings and properties;
- v. change to the management and control structure within the company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), including key policies, delegated authority limits; and
- vi. review and update the Whistle-blowing policy;

Code of Ethics and Conduct

The Code of Ethics and Conduct is to be observed by all Directors and employees of the Group, and the core areas of conducts under the Code include the followings:-

- i. conflict of interest;
- ii. confidential information;
- iii. inside information and securities trading;
- iv. protection of assets;
- v. business records and control;
- vi. compliance to the law;
- vii. personal gifts and contribution;
- viii. health and safety;
- ix. sexual harassment;
- x. outside interest;
- xi. fair and courteous behavior; and
- xii. misconducts.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Appointment and Re-election of Board Members

The Code provides greater clarity on the aspects of which Nominations Committee should consider when recommending candidates for directorship. The Code further places the importance of the Director appraisal where Nomination Committee should ensure that its assessments and evaluations are properly documented.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, all Directors are required to submit themselves for reelection by rotation at least once in every three (3) years at each Annual General Meeting (AGM). Newly appointed Directors shall hold office until the AGM following their appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election by shareholders. The proposed appointment of new Board members, resignation of existing members, as well as the proposed re-election of the Directors are approved by the Board upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

The Articles of Association also requires that at least one-third (1/3) of the Directors including Executive Directors, to retire from office by rotation and be eligible for re-election at every AGM. All Directors shall submit themselves for re-election at least once every three (3) years from date of appointment in compliance with the Listing Requirements of the Bursa Securities.

Pursuant to Section 129(2) of the Companies Act, 1965, Directors who are over seventy (70) years of age are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually.

The Board, through its delegation to the Nomination Committee, has set up and implemented the process for the assessments of its Chairman, the individual Board Members and the Board as a whole. For the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Board has, through the Nomination Committee, reviewed the skills mix and experience of the individual Directors and assessed the effectiveness of the Board as a whole. A separate assessment for Independent Director is also undertaken annually.

Board Meetings and Supply of Information

To ensure effective management of the Group, Board meetings are convened regularly during the year, at quarterly intervals or as and when necessary. During the financial year five (5) Board meetings took place.

Details of the attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2015 are as follows:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings Attended
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail	5/5
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	5/5
Dato' Lee Yoon Kong	5/5
Teow Lai Seng	5/5
Chim Wai Khuan	5/5
Wong Chow Lan	5/5
Lokman Bin Mansor	5/5
Shariff Bin Mohd Shah	5/5

All Directors are provided with an agenda inclusive of relevant Board papers prior to each Board meeting. The Board papers include minutes of the last Board meeting, agenda for the current meeting and any report and documents pertaining to the issues to be discussed at the meeting. The Board papers are issued in sufficient time to enable the Directors to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the issues to be deliberated upon to enable them to arrive at an informed decision. The Chairman of the Board chairs the Board meetings while the Managing Director leads the presentation and provides explanations on the Board reports. Senior Management staff may be invited to attend the Board meetings to explain and clarify matters being tabled.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

In addition to quarterly Board meetings, briefings are conducted for the Board from time to time on various issues such as changes to company and securities legislations, rules and regulations to inform them of the latest developments in these areas. The Directors are also notified of any corporate announcements released to the Bursa Securities. They are also informed of the impending restriction in dealing with the securities of the Company at least one month prior to the release of the unaudited quarterly financial result announcement.

In exercising their duties, the Board has unrestricted access to timely and accurate information which is not only quantitative but also other information deemed suitable within the Group, whether as a full Board or in their individual capacity. All Directors also have direct access to the advice and the services of the Group's Company Secretary in carrying out their duties. In addition, the Board may also seek professional opinion and independent advice from external consultants, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

Director's Training

The Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") and from time to time Continuing Education Programme ("CEP") prescribed by the Bursa Securities.

During the financial year, three Directors were unable to attend MAP due to program timing and individual availability constraints. Moving forward, the Board will be organising in-house training to accommodate all the Board members.

Particulars of the various programmes attended by Board members during the financial year ended 31 December 2015 are as follows:-

Name of Director	Date	Topic of Seminar / Talk
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	11-05-2015	1. Corporate Governance : Balancing Rules & Practices
	05-08-2015	2. Advocacy Sessions on Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") for Chief Executive Officers ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of Listed Issuers
Shariff Bin Mohd Shah	17-09-2015	 Risk Management & Internal Control Workshop: is our line of defence Adequate and Effective
Lokman Bin Mansor	17-09-2015	 Risk Management & Internal Control Workshop: is our line of defence Adequate and Effective
Chim Wai Khuan	04-09-2015	1. Half-day Seminar on Quality Control
Wong Chow Lan	16-01-2015	 The Companies Bill 2013 : Key Changes to the Corporate Landscape in Malaysia.
	09-04-2015	2. Technical Briefing on Computation of Percentage Ratios.
	17-08-2015	3. Strategising the Company Secretary.
	21-09-2015	4. Future of Auditor Reporting- The Game Changer for Boardroom.
	08-10-2015	5. Sustainability Symposium
	29-10-2015 & 30-10-2015	6. Professional Writing Skills for Company Secretaries.

The Directors will continue to attend seminars and other relevant training programmes to ensure that they are kept abreast with developments on a continuous basis in compliance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Directors Remuneration

The details of remuneration received and receivable by directors of the Group and of the Company during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Total directors' remuneration Total estimated money value	7,522,986	5,698,891	436,400	338,200
of benefits-in-kind	68,397	62,467	-	-
	7,591,383	5,761,358	436,400	338,200

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the financial year fell within the following bands is analysed below:-

	Number of Directors 2015 2014	
	2015	2014
Executive directors:-		
RM500,00 and below	1	1
RM500,001 - RM1,000,000	-	-
RM1,000,001 - RM1,500,000	-	_
RM1,500,001 - RM 2,000,000	-	-
RM2,000,001 - RM2,500,000	-	2
RM2,500,001 - RM3,000,000	2	-
Non-executive directors:-		
RM50,000 and below	4	4
RM50,001 - RM100,000	-	-
RM100,001 - RM150,000	1	1

Company Secretary

The Directors have ready and unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to enable them to discharge their duties effectively. The Board is regularly updated and apprised by the Company Secretary. She gives clear and sound advice on the measures to be taken and requirements to be observed by the Company and the Directors arising from new statutes and guidelines issued by the regulatory authorities. The Company Secretary briefs the Board on proposed contents and timing of material announcements to be made to Bursa Malaysia. The Company Secretary also serves notice to the Directors and Principal Officers to notify them of closed periods in accordance with the black-out periods for dealing in the Company's securities pursuant to Chapter 14 of the Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements.

The Company Secretary attends and ensures that all Board meetings are properly convened and those accurate and proper records of the proceeding and resolutions passed are taken and maintained in the statutory register at the registered office of the Company. The Company Secretary also facilities timely communication of decisions made and policies set by the Board at Board meetings, to the Senior Management for action. The Company Secretary works closely with Management to ensure that there are timely and appropriate information flows within and to the Board and Board Committee, and between the Non-Executive Directors and Managements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Board Charter

The roles and functions of the Board, as well as the differing roles between the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors are clearly prescribed in the Board Charter of United U-LI Corporation. A summary of the Board Charter is available for reference on the corporate website at www.uli.com.my

Board Committees

In order to ensure the effective discharge of its fiduciary duties, the Board has established various Board Committees to assist the Board in the running of the Group. This is to allow the members of the Board Committees to deliberate and examine issues within their terms of reference in greater details and subsequently recommend and report to the Board. The functions and terms of reference of the committees, as well as the authority delegated by the Board to these committees, have been clearly defined and approved by the Board. All Board Committees do not have executive powers but only the power to make recommendations to the Board.

The Board Committees for the financial year under review are as follows:-

(a) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee operates under a clearly defined Terms of Reference stating its roles and responsibilities in ensuring the quality and integrity of the practices of the Group.

The Audit Committee presently comprises three (3) members, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors:

- i) Chim Wai Khuan(Independent Non-Executive Director) Chairman
- ii) Wong Chow Lan(Independent Non-Executive Director)
- iii) Lokman Bin Mansor(Independent Non-Executive Director)

The Audit Committee has held a total of five (5) meetings during the course of the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

(b) Nomination Committee

Members		No. of Meetings Attended
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail Chim Wai Khuan	(Independent, Non-Executive Chairman)-Chairman	1/1
Chim Wai Khuan Wong Chow Lan	(Independent, Non-Executive Director) (Independent, Non-Executive Director)	1/1 1/1

The Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring the Board has the appropriate balance and size, and recommending the right candidates with the necessary mix of skills, experience and competencies to be appointed to the Board. The membership of the Committee has not changed since the last report.

Meeting of the Nomination Committee are held at least once a year or as and when required.

The Terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- to review, recommend and consider suitable candidates to the Board of the Group, including committees of the Board;
- to review and determine the mix of skills, experience and other qualities, including core competencies of Non-executive Directors, on an annual basis;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

The Terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are as follows: (cont'd)

- to assess the Directors on an on-going basis and the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the committees of the Board and the contribution of each individual Director, including Independent Non-Executive Directors as well as Chief Executive Officer;
- to recommend suitable orientation, educational and training programmes to continuously train and equip the existing and new Directors;
- to provide a succession planning policy and ensure that the policy is kept under review;
- to examine particular issues and make the appropriate recommendations to the Board;
- to ensure the composition of the Board is in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the requirements for Best Practice of Corporate Governance; and
- to assess and recommend to the Board, the terms of reference of Board Committees and review the adequacy of committee structure of Board Committee.

The Nomination Committee upon its annual assessment carried out for financial year 2015, was satisfied that:

- The size and composition of the Company is optimum with appropriate mix of knowledge, skills, attributes and core competencies;
- The Board has been able to discharge its duties professionally and effectively in consideration of the scale and breadth of the operations;
- All the Directors continue to uphold he highest governance standards in their conduct and that of the Board;
- All the Members of the Board are well qualified to hold their positions as Directors of the Company in view of their respective academic and professional qualifications, and depth of knowledge, skills and experience and their personal qualities;
- The Independent Directors comply with the definition of Independent Directors as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and therefore would be able to function as a check and balance and bring an element of objective to the Board of Directors;
- The following Independent Non-Executive Directors whom has served as an Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company for cumulative term of more than nine (9) years respectively do not in any way interfere with their exercise of objective judgement or their ability to act in the best interest of the Company:
 - i) Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail;
 - ii) Chim Wai Khuan;
 - iii) Wong Chow Lan;
 - iv) Lokman Bin Mansor;
 - v) Shariff Bin Mohd Shah.
- The Directors are able to devote sufficient time commitment to their roles and responsibilities as Directors of the Company, as they hold either one or only a few directorship in public listed companies as described below:
 - Holding only one directorship : 7 directors
 - Holding two directorship : 1 director

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Remuneration Committee

Members		No. of Meetings Attended
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman		
Bin Ismail	(Independent, Non-Executive Chairman)-Chairman	1/1
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	(Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer)	1/1
Chim Wai Khuan	(Independent, Non-Executive Director)	1/1
Wong Chow Lan	(Independent, Non-Executive Director)	1/1

Meeting of the Remuneration Committee are held at least once a year or as and when required.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- to establish and review the terms and conditions of employment and remuneration of executive Directors and Key Senior Management Officers of the Group to ensure that rewards commensurate with their contributions to the Group's growth and profitability; and supports the Group's objectives and shareholder value and is consistent with the Group's culture and strategy;
- to review annually the performance of the Executive Directors and recommend to the Board specific adjustments in remuneration and/or reward payments if any reflecting their contributions for the year;
- to ensure the level of remuneration for Independent Non-Executive Directors reflects their experience and level of responsibilities undertaken and contribution to the effective functioning of the Board. Reviews and recommends changes to the Board where necessary; and
- keep abreast of the terms and conditions of service of the executive Directors including their total remuneration package for market comparability. Reviews and recommends changes to the Board where necessary.

All recommendations of the Remuneration Committee are subject to the endorsement of the Board.

Relationship with Auditors

The Board maintains a transparent and professional relationship with the external auditors. The Audit Committee meets with the external auditors at least once a year to discuss their audit plan, audit findings and the financial statements. The Audit Committee also meets the external auditors without the presence of the executive Directors and the management at least twice a year. From time to time, the external auditors highlight to the Audit Committee and the Board on matters that require the Board's attention.

The role of the Audit Committee in relation to both the internal and external auditors is described in the Audit Committee Report of this Annual Report.

Internal Control

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal controls that provides reasonable assessment of effective and efficient operations, internal financial controls and compliance with laws and regulations as well as with internal procedures and guidelines. The effectiveness of the system of internal controls of the Group is reviewed periodically by the Audit Committee.

Further details of the Group's system of internal controls are set out in the Statement on Risk Management And Internal Control of this Annual Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Corporate Disclosure

The Board is aware of the need to establish corporate disclosure policies and procedures to enable comprehensive, accurate and timely disclosures relating to the Company and its subsidiaries to the regulators, shareholders and stakeholders. The Board formalized pertinent corporate disclosure policies not only to comply with the disclosure requirements as stipulated in the Listing Requirements, but also setting out the persons authorised and responsible to approve and disclose material information to shareholders and stakeholders.

To augment the process of disclosure, the Board established a dedicated section for corporate information on the Company's website where information on the Company's announcements, financial information, share prices, and the Company's Annual Report may be accessed.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION

The Board acknowledges the importance of maintaining transparency and accountability to all its stakeholders, particularly its shareholders and investors as it ensures that market credibility and investor's confidence are maintained. Through extensive disclosures of appropriate and relevant information, using various channels of communication on a timely basis, the Group aims to effectively provide shareholders and investors with information to fulfil transparency and accountability objectives.

At this juncture, the channel of communication to shareholders, stakeholders and general public for the overall performance and operations of the Group's business activities are press releases, public announcements on quarterly basis, annual report and disclosures to the Bursa Securities.

Meetings with institutional investors, fund managers and analysts from time to time provide an additional avenue for the Board and Management to convey information about Group's performance, strategy and other matters affecting shareholders' interests.

The upcoming AGM represents the principal forum for dialogue and interaction with shareholders. The notice of meeting and the annual report are sent out to shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. A presentation is given by the Chairman to explain the Group's strategy, performance and major Developments to shareholders during the AGM. Shareholders are accorded both the opportunity and time to raise questions or offer constructive criticism pertaining to the operations and financial matters of the Group; whilst the Board and Senior Management will provide the answers and appropriate clarifications to issues raised. The external auditors will also be present to provide their professional and independent clarification on issues and concerns raised by the shareholders, if necessary.

At the last AGM of the Company, no substantive resolutions were put forth for shareholders' approval, except the routine resolutions pertaining to receiving of audited financial statements, re-appointment and re-election of Directors, payment of dividends and Directors' fees and re-appointment of Auditors. In view thereof, all resolutions were voted on by show of hands by shareholders.

The Board will consider adopting electronic voting to facilitate greater shareholder participation at general meetings, and to ensure accurate and efficient outcomes of the voting process.

Besides the key channels of communication through the annual report, general meetings and announcements to Bursa Securities as well as analyst and media briefings, there is also continuous effort to enhance the Group's website at www.uli.com.my as a channel of communication and information dissemination. Continuous improvement and development of the website will be undertaken by the Group to ensure easy and convenient access. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Board aims to provide and present a clear, balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial position and prospects by ensuring quality financial reporting through the annual financial statements and quarterly financial results to its stakeholders, in particular, shareholders, investors and the regulatory authorities.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in scrutinising information for disclosure to ensure the quality of financial reporting and adequacy of such information, prior to submission to the Board for its approval. As required by the Companies Act, 1965, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of annual financial statements in accordance with applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company at the end of each financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year. The accounting policies and methods once adopted, are consistently applied and supported by reasonable judgements and estimates.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Group keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965 and applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia.

In addition, the Directors are also responsible for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets for the Group and to prevent and detect fraud as well as other irregularities.

Compliance with the Code

The Board is satisfied that the Group has maintained high standards of Corporate Governance and has strived to achieve the highest level of integrity and ethical standard, in all its business dealings, including compliance with the Code throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

This Statement is made in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors dated 24 March 2016.

AUDIT Committee Report

MEMBERS

Chim Wai Khuan (Independent, Non-Executive Director) -Chairman Wong Chow Lan (Independent, Non-Executive Director) Lokman Bin Mansor (Independent, Non-Executive Director)

TERMS OF REFERENCE

1. Membership

The Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board of Directors amongst the Directors and shall consist of not less than three (3) members, all of whom must be Non-Executive Directors, with majority of them being Independent. The Chairman who shall be elected by the Audit Committee must be an Independent Non-Executive Director. No alternate Director shall be appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

The Board shall at all times ensure that at least one (1) member of the Audit Committee:

- I. must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"); or
- II. if he is not a member of MIA, he must have at least three (3) years working experience and:
 - he must have passed the examinations specified in Part I of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act, 1967; or
 - he must be a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in Part II of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act, 1967; or
- III. fulfils such other requirements as prescribed or approved by Bursa Securities.

At least once in every three (3) years, the Board of Directors must review the Terms of reference and performance of the Audit Committee and each of its members to determine whether the Audit Committee and its members carried out their duties in accordance to the Terms of Reference.

2. Meetings and Reporting Procedures

The Audit Committee shall convene meeting at least four (4) times a year, or more frequently as the Audit Committee considers necessary. The Chairman of the Audit Committee, or the secretary on the requisition of any members, the head of internal audit or the external auditors, shall at any time summon a meeting by giving reasonable notice. A quorum shall be two (2) members present and majority of which must be Independent Directors.

The chief financial officer and the company secretary, the head of internal audit and representative of the external auditors shall normally be invited to attend the meetings but may be requested to leave a meeting as and when deemed necessary by the Audit Committee. Other Board members and senior management staff may attend meetings upon the invitation of the Audit Committee. However, the Audit Committee shall meet the external auditors without any executive Directors and employees present at least twice a year.

The company secretary shall act as secretary of the Audit Committee. The secretary shall draw up an agenda for each meeting, in consultation with the chairman of the Audit Committee. The agenda shall be distributed to all members of the Audit Committee and head of internal audit as well as external auditors before the meeting together with supporting papers. The minutes of the meeting of the Audit Committee shall be signed by the Chairman and circulated to all members of the Board. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall report on each meeting to the Board and all recommendations of the Audit Committee shall be submitted to the Board for approval.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

3. Authority

The Audit Committee is authorised by the Board and at the cost of the Company to:-

- Investigate any activity within its Terms of Reference;
- Have the internal audit function report directly to the Audit Committee;
- Have the resources required to perform its duties;
- Have full and unrestricted access to any information pertaining to the Company or the Group for the purpose of discharging its functions and responsibilities;
- have direct communication channels with the external and internal auditors;
- obtain external legal or other independent advice as necessary; and
- to convene meeting with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other Directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

4. Responsibilities and Duties

The responsibilities and duties of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

Corporate Financial Reporting

- i) to review and recommend acceptance or otherwise of accounting policies, principles and practices;
- ii) to review the quarterly and annual financial statements of the Group and the Company for recommendation to the Board of Directors for approval, focusing particularly on:
 - any changes in or implementation of new accounting policies and practices;
 - major judgemental areas, significant and unusual events;
 - significant adjustments arising from the audit;
 - the going concern assumptions ; and
 - compliance with the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia, Listing Requirements of the Bursa Securities and other legal and statutory requirements.
- iii) to review with the management and the external auditors the results of the audit, including any difficulties encountered.

Corporate Risk Management

- i) to review the adequacy of and to provide reasonable assurance to the Board of the effectiveness of risk management functions of the Group;
- ii) to ensure that the principal and requirements of managing risk are consistently adopted throughout the Group.

Internal Control

- i) to assess the quality and effectiveness of the systems of the internal control and the efficiency of the Group's operations ;
- ii) to review the findings on the internal control in the Group by internal and external auditors; and
- iii) to review and approve the Statement on Internal Control for the annual report as required under Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

Internal Audit

- i) to approve the corporate audit charters of internal audit functions in the Group;
- ii) to ensure that the internal audit functions have appropriate standing in the Group and have the necessary authority and resources to carry out their work. This includes a review of the organizational structure, resources, budgets and qualifications of the internal audit personnel;
- iii) to review internal audit reports and management's response and actions taken in respect of these and report to the Board accordingly;
- iv) to review the adequacy of the scope, functions and resources of the internal auditors and whether it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
- v) to be informed of resignations and transfer of senior internal audit staff and providing resigning/ transfer staff an opportunity in expressing their view; and
- vi) to direct any special investigation to be carried out by internal audit. The total cost incurred for the internal audit function in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2015 amounted to RM16,434.00.

External Audit

- i) to consider the appointment, resignation and dismissal of external and their audit fee;
- to review the external audit reports, major findings and management's responses and actions taken thereto. Where actions are not taken within an adequate time frame by the management, the Audit Committee will report the matter to the Board;
- iii) to review the nature and scope of the audit by external auditors before commencement.

Corporate Governance

- to review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of management's investigation and follow up (including disciplinary action) any instances of non-compliance;
- ii) to review the findings of any examinations by regulatory authorities;
- iii) to consider any related party transaction and conflict of interest that may arise within the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of integrity;
- iv) to review and approve the Statement of Corporate Governance for the annual report as required under the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities;
- v) to examine instances and matters that may have compromised the principles of Corporate Governance and report back to the Board;
- vi) to review the investor relations programme and shareholder communication policy for the Company;
- vii) to develop and regularly review the Group's code of Corporate Governance and business ethics;
- viii) where the Audit Committee is of the view that a matter reported by it to the Board has not been satisfactorily resolved, resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the Audit Committee must promptly report such matters to Bursa Securities; and
- ix) any such other functions as may be agreed by the Committee and the Board.

Meetings And Minutes

During the financial year ended 31 December 2015, five (5) Audit Committee Meetings were held. Details of attendance of each Committee member were as follows:

Name of Committee Member	No. of Meetings Attended
Chim Wai Khuan	5/5
Wong Chow Lan	5/5
Lokman Bin Mansor	5/5

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

5. Summary of Activities

The Audit Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its Terms of Reference during the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The main activities undertaken by the Audit Committee included the following:

- i) reviewed the interim financial reports relating to the quarterly reporting of the Group to ensure adequacy of disclosure of information essential to a fair and full presentation of the financial affairs of the Group for recommendation to the Board for approval for the release of the said quarterly reporting;
- reviewed the audited financial statements before submitting them to the Board, ensuring that the financial statements were prepared in accordance with the applicable approved accounting standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. Any significant issues resulting from the audit of the financial statements by the external auditors were deliberated;
- iii) evaluated the performance of the external auditors, reviewed the external auditors scope of work, audit plan and their audit fees and recommending the appointment of external auditors at the AGM;
- iv) reviewed with external auditors the result of the audit and the management letter (if any), including management's response;
- v) discussed the internal audit plan, programmes and resources requirement and skill levels of the internal auditors for the year and assessed the performance of the internal audit function;
- vi) reviewed the internal auditor's report, which highlighted the audit issues, recommendations and management's response. Discussed with management, actions taken to improve the system of internal control based on improvement opportunities identified in the internal audit reports;
- vii) reviewed the application of Corporate Governance principles and the extent of the Group's compliance with the Best Practices set out under the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance for the purpose of preparing the Corporate Governance Statements and Statement on Internal Control pursuant to the Listing Requirements of the Bursa Securities; and
- viii) reviewed and discussed Related Party Transactions ("RPT") and Recurrent Related Party Transactions ("RRPT") to ascertain if the transactions are conducted at arm's length and on normal commercial terms, and that the internal control procedures with regards to such transactions are sufficient.

STATEMENT ON **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

Board of Directors' Responsibilities

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance requires the Board of Directors ('Board') to establish a sound risk management framework and internal controls system to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. The Board recognises the importance of maintaining a sound system of internal control. The Board also acknowledges its responsibility for the Group's system of internal control which covers not only financial controls but operational and compliance controls. The system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and strategies. Shareholders should be aware that there are inherent limitations in any system of internal control. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable assurance but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information or against financial losses or irregularities.

Risk Management Framework

Recommendation 6.1 of Principle 6 in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 states that the Board should establish a sound framework to manage risk. The risk management framework has been embedded in the Company's management systems. Authority and accountability have been clearly defined to implement the risk management process and internal control system.

The Group's Risk Management Framework encompasses Risk Management Units whose members are made of Managers from different subsidiaries and departments within the Group. These Units identifies critical risks faced by the Group.

These critical risks identified are brought to the attention of the Risk Management Committee during Risk Management Meetings for deliberations and decisions. The members of the Risk Management Committee comprise of the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer, two Executive Directors and appointed Senior Management personnel. During the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Risk Management Committee has met three (3) times.

Based on the assessment of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the Board is of the view that there is an ongoing process of identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing significant risks affecting the achievement of its business objectives in their daily activities throughout the financial year and up to the date of approval of the Annual Report.

Internal Control Environment

Within the Group, there are organisational structures in place for each operating unit with clearly defined levels of authority. Management of each operating unit has clear responsibility for identifying risk affecting their unit and the overall Group's business as a whole. They are also charged with instituting adequate procedures and internal controls to mitigate and monitor such risks on an ongoing basis. Since its listing on the Bursa Securities, the Board has regularly addressed issues or risks that may have arisen.

Standard operating policies and procedures that document how transactions are captured and where internal controls are applied exist for all operating units of the Group. As part of the performance monitoring process, management information in the form of forecasts and quarterly management accounts and reports are provided to the Board for review and approval.

Audit Committee

During the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Audit Committee has met five (5) times. The Audit Committee provides assurance to the Board in discharging its overall responsibility for the effectiveness of internal controls in the Group. The key functions performed by the Committee were:

- Review of audit plans of both external and internal auditors;
- Review of quarterly results and announcements and recommend to the Board for approval; and
- Review any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations.

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STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

Internal Audit

The Group outsourced its internal audit function to an independent firm of consultants.

The internal audit team will assist the Audit Committee in discharging internal audit function in which to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal controls and accounting control procedures of the Group. The internal audit team independently reported to the Audit Committee its activities, significant results, findings and necessary recommendations. As such, internal audit progress report will be issued by internal audit team to enable the Board to gain assurance on the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of internal controls. At the onset, the annual audit programme will be presented to the Audit Committee for approval before commencement of the following financial year. The internal audit team is totally independent. It has no involvement in the operations of the Group and is not involved in providing any form of advisory to the management of the Group.

Conclusion

In addition to the above, the Board has received assurance from the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer, Executive Directors, Group Financial Controller as well as other Managers and Departmental Heads of the subsidiaries that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively in all material aspects. Based on this assurance, the Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control system is adequate to meet the needs of the Group in addressing financial, operational and compliance risks and have not resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Group's annual report.

Furthermore, the Board and senior management remains committed to continuously strengthen the Group's internal control system by taking into consideration better practices and the fast changing business environment.

REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The external auditors have reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers to be set out, nor is factually inaccurate.

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

The following information is provided in compliance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the financial year ended 31 December 2015:

Material Contracts Involving Directors and Substantial Shareholders

Save as otherwise disclosed in Significant Related Party Transactions in the Financial Statements, there are no material contracts including contracts relating to any loan entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors and major shareholders' interests.

Sanctions and Penalties

There were no sanctions or penalties imposed by any regulatory authorities on the Company and its subsidiaries, Directors or management during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Share Buy-Back

The Company did not make any share buy-back during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Non-Audit Fees

There were no non-audit fees paid to the External Auditors during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Options, Warrants or Convertible Securities Exercised

No options, warrants or convertible securities were issued during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Variations in Results for the Financial Year

There was no deviation of 10% or more between the audited results for the financial year and the unaudited financial results previously announced.

American Depository Receipt ("ADR")/Global Depository Receipt ("GDR")

The Company did not sponsor any ADR or GDR programme during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Utilisation of Proceeds Raised From Corporate Proposals

As at 31 December 2015, the utilization of the proceeds is as follows:-

	Purpose utilisation RM'000	Revised utilisation RM'000	Amount utilised as at 31 December 2015 RM'000	Balance unutilised RM'000	Estimated time frame for the utilisation of proceeds
Capital expenditure Working capital Defrayment of expenses related to the Proposed	22,000 29,153	22,000 23,923	4,719 11,454	17,281 12,469	Within twenty four (24) months Within twenty four (24) months
Placement	327	277	277	-	Within one (1) month
Total	51,480	46,200	16,450	29,750	

Profit Guarantees

There were no profit guarantees given by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

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FINANCIAL Statements

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DIRECTORS'

The directors hereby submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31st December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Net profit for the financial year	26,002,319	19,645,602
Net profit for the financial year attributable to:- - Owners of the Company - Non-controlling interests	26,002,319 _	19,645,602 –
	26,002,319	19,645,602

DIVIDENDS

The amount of dividend declared and paid by the Company since the end of the previous financial year were as follows:-

- i. a third interim dividend of 6 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each amounting to RM7,920,000/- in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2014 paid on 16th April 2015;
- ii. a first interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each amounting to RM3,960,000/- in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015 paid on 12th August 2015;
- iii. a second interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each amounting to RM4,356,000/- in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015 paid on 16th November 2015;
- iv. a third interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each amounting to RM4,356,000/- in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015 paid on 18th February 2016; and
- v. a fourth interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each amounting to RM4,356,000/- in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015 was declared on 25th February 2016. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect the dividend. Such dividend will be accounted in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31st December 2016.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any final dividends in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

RESERVES OR PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts, and had satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would render the amount written off for bad debts, or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts, in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent.

CURRENT ASSETS

Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount that they might be expected to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

VALUATION METHODS

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- (ii) any contingent liabilities in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

In the opinion of the directors, no contingent liabilities or other liabilities of the Group or of the Company has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances, not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

ITEMS OF MATERIAL AND UNUSUAL NATURE

In the opinion of the directors,

- (i) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unsual nature; and
- (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year, the Company increased its issued and paid-up share capital from RM66,000,000/- to RM72,600,000/- by the issuance of 13,200,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each at RM3.50 pursuant to the private placement exercise.

The new ordinary shares issued during the financial year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

During the financial year, no new debentures were made by the Company.

DIRECTORS

The directors in office since the date of the last report are:-

Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah Dato' Lee Yoon Kong Teow Lai Seng Chim Wai Khuan Wong Chow Lan Lokman Bin Mansor Shariff Bin Mohd Shah

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company during the financial year were as follows:-

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each				
	At			At	
	1.1.2015	Additions	Disposals	31.12.2015	
The Company					
Direct Interest					
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail	9,000	_	_	9,000	
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	4,261,848	_	-	4,261,848	
Dato' Lee Yoon Kong	3,867,246	_	_	3,867,246	
Teow Lai Seng	9,000	_	_	9,000	
Chim Wai Khuan	500,000	_	(100,000)	400,000	
Wong Chow Lan	624	_	_	624	
Lokman Bin Mansor	9,000	_	_	9,000	
Shariff Bin Mohd Shah	529,128	-	(80,000)	449,128	
Deemed Interest					
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail *	44,556	-	-	44,556	
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah **	54,000,000	-	-	54,000,000	
Dato' Lee Yoon Kong **	54,000,000	_	-	54,000,000	

* Deemed interest by virtue of interest in Kasuria Sdn. Bhd.

** Deemed interest by virtue of interest in Pearl Deal (M) Sdn. Bhd.

By virtue of their interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and pursuant to Section 6A of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah and Dato' Lee Yoon Kong are also deemed to have an interest in the ordinary shares of the subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has an interest.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interests in ordinary shares of the Company and its related companies during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable, by the directors as disclosed in Note 24(c) to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement where the object is to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Details of significant event during the financial year are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

On behalf of the Board,

DATO' WIRA LEE YOON WAH Director

DATO' LEE YOON KONG Director

Petaling Jaya

Date: 24th March 2016

STATEMENTS OF **FINANCIAL POSITION** AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2015

	Group				Company	
	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM	
ACCETC						
ASSETS Non-current Assets						
Property, plant and equipment	4	80,242,355	66,282,591	_	_	
Investment properties	5	400,500	409,400	-	-	
Intangible asset	6	55	8,455	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	7	-	310,177	-	-	
Investment in subsidiaries	8	_	_	40,933,094	40,933,094	
Total Non-current Assets		80,642,910	67,010,623	40,933,094	40,933,094	
Current Assets						
Inventories	9	45,323,908	43,703,830	-	-	
Trade and other receivables	10	75,786,717	64,203,953	76,396,209	29,258,055	
Prepayments		737,246	430,382	-	-	
Tax recoverable		1,380,441	-	12,612	-	
Fixed deposits placed with						
licensed banks	11	65,453,903	19,680,222	-	-	
Cash and bank balances		40,364,130	48,440,869	1,336,269	1,436,093	
Total Current Assets		229,046,345	176,459,256	77,745,090	30,694,148	
TOTAL ASSETS		309,689,255	243,469,879	118,678,184	71,627,242	
Equity attributable to Owners of the Parent Share capital Share premium	12 13	72,600,000 39,600,000	66,000,000	72,600,000 39,600,000	66,000,000 - 2,621,040	
Retained profits	14	144,598,305	139,187,986	1,674,642	2,621,040	
Total Equity		256,798,305	205,187,986	113,874,642	68,621,040	
Non-current Liabilities						
Deferred tax liabilities	7	1,595,294	874,763	-	-	
Loans and borrowings	15	6,298,476	60,097	_	_	
Total Non-current Liabilities		7,893,770	934,860	-	-	
Current Liabilities						
Trade and other payables	16	25,337,384	18,498,316	4,803,542	2,982,152	
Loans and borrowings	15	17,523,983	18,386,944	-,000,042	2,002,102	
Tax payable	10	2,135,813	461,773	-	24,050	
Total Current Liabilities		44,997,180	37,347,033	4,803,542	3,006,202	
Total Liabilities		52,890,950	38,281,893	4,803,542	3,006,202	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		309,689,255	243,469,879	118,678,184	71,627,242	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF Comprehensive income

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

		Group		Company	
	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Revenue Cost of sales	17 18	179,192,071 (110,196,200)	172,278,509 (108,112,145)	20,592,000 _	9,240,000 -
Gross Profit		68,995,871	64,166,364	20,592,000	9,240,000
Other income Administrative expenses Other operating expenses		5,391,911 (32,054,401) (5,508,949)	2,144,106 (29,653,037) (5,172,323)	_ (946,398) _	_ (528,953) _
Operating Profit	19	36,824,432	31,485,110	19,645,602	8,711,047
Finance costs	20	(1,141,978)	(726,149)	-	-
Profit Before Taxation		35,682,454	30,758,961	19,645,602	8,711,047
Taxation	21	(9,680,135)	(7,529,986)	-	-
Profit for the Financial Year		26,002,319	23,228,975	19,645,602	8,711,047
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax		-	-	_	_
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year		26,002,319	23,228,975	19,645,602	8,711,047
Profit attributable to:- Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		26,002,319 -	23,228,975 –	19,645,602 –	8,711,047 –
		26,002,319	23,228,975	19,645,602	8,711,047
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:- Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		26,002,319 -	23,228,975 -	19,645,602 –	8,711,047
		26,002,319	23,228,975	19,645,602	8,711,047
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent - basic (sen) - diluted (sen)	22	19.01 19.01	17.60 17.60		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

		< Attributable to Owners of the Parent> <i>Non-</i>			
	Note	Share Capital RM	Distributable Share Premium RM	Distributable Retained Profit RM	Total Equity RM
Group					
Balance at 1st January 2014		66,000,000	-	125,199,011	191,199,011
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year		_	-	23,228,975	23,228,975
Transaction with Owners:-					
Dividends	23	_	-	(9,240,000)	(9,240,000)
Total Transaction with Owners	5	_	-	(9,240,000)	(9,240,000)
Balance at 31st December 2014	ļ	66,000,000	-	139,187,986	205,187,986
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year Transaction with Owners:-		-	-	26,002,319	26,002,319
	10	0.000.000			40,000,000
Issuance of ordinary shares Dividends	12 23	6,600,000 –	39,600,000 _	_ (20,592,000)	46,200,000 (20,592,000)
Total Transaction with Owners	5	6,600,000	39,600,000	(20,592,000)	25,608,000
Balance at 31st December 2015	5	72,600,000	39,600,000	144,598,305	256,798,305

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STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONT'D)

		< Attributable to Owners of the Parent> <i>Non-</i>				
	Note	Share Capital RM	Distributable Share Premium RM	<i>Distributable</i> Retained Profit RM	Total Equity RM	
Company						
Balance at 1st January 2014		66,000,000	-	3,149,993	69,149,993	
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year		-	-	8,711,047	8,711,047	
Transaction with Owners:-						
- Dividends	23	_	_	(9,240,000)	(9,240,000)	
Total Transaction with Owners	5	-	-	(9,240,000)	(9,240,000)	
Balance at 31st December 2014		66,000,000	-	2,621,040	68,621,040	
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year		-	-	19,645,602	19,645,602	
Transaction with Owners:-						
- Issuance of ordinary shares - Dividends	12 23	6,600,000 -	39,600,000 –	_ (20,592,000)	46,200,000 (20,592,000)	
Total Transaction with Owners	5	6,600,000	39,600,000	(20,592,000)	25,608,000	
Balance at 31st December 2015		72,600,000	39,600,000	1,674,642	113,874,642	

STATEMENTS OF

CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

	2015 RM	Group 2014 RM	2015 RM	Company 2014 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:-				
Profit before taxation	35,682,454	30,758,961	19,645,602	8,711,047
Adjustments for:-				
Impairment loss on receivables	828,967	20,080	-	-
Inventories written off	341,770	207,777	_	-
Reversal of impairment loss on				
receivables	(63,686)	(446,815)	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets	8,400	8,455	-	-
Bad debts written off	37,788	206,206	-	-
Depreciation of:-				
 property, plant and equipment 	5,520,610	5,566,202	-	-
 investment properties 	8,900	8,900	-	-
Dividend income	-	-	(20,592,000)	(9,240,000)
Gain on disposal of property, plant	(, , = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
and equipment	(145,659)	(304,061)	-	-
Interest income	(1,706,024)	(773,159)	-	-
Interest expense	1,141,978	726,149	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	-	285	-	-
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(235,988)	(207,464)	_	_
	41,419,510	35,771,516	(946,398)	(528,953)
Changes In Working Capital:-				
Inventories	(2,197,685)	3,458,542	-	-
Receivables	(12,456,709)	(1,706,323)	-	-
Payables	2,718,905	4,134,297	6,177,390	2,640,120
	29,484,021	41,658,032	5,230,992	2,111,167
Interest paid	(996,187)	(699,860)	-	-
Interest received	1,706,024	773,159	_	_
Tax paid	(8,498,350)	(7,242,789)	(36,662)	(99,194)
Tax refunded	142,522	371,895	_	371,895
Net Operating Cash Flows	21,838,030	34,860,437	5,194,330	2,383,868

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

	2015 RM	Group 2014 RM	2015 RM	Company 2014 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:-				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	176,414	678,111	_	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Advances to/(repayment from) subsidiaries	(12,589,513)	(7,741,126)	-	-
	(12,412,000)	(7.062.015)	(35,258,154)	4,615,402
Net Investing Cash Flows	(12,413,099)	(7,063,015)	(35,258,154)	4,615,402
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:-				
Dividend paid Interest paid	(16,236,000) (145,791)	(6,600,000) (26,289)	(16,236,000) –	(6,600,000) –
Net repayment of other short term borrowings	(909,000)	(4,310,000)	-	-
Net repayment of finance lease liabilities	(587,983)	(410,017)	-	-
Repayment of term loan Proceeds from issuance of	(49,215)	(45,964)	_	-
ordinary shares	46,200,000	_	46,200,000	_
Net Financing Cash Flows	28,272,011	(11,392,270)	29,964,000	(6,600,000)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	37,696,942	16,405,152	(99,824)	399,270
AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	68,121,091	51,715,939	1,436,093	1,036,823
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE				
FINANCIAL YEAR	105,818,033	68,121,091	1,336,269	1,436,093
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:-				
Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks 11	65,453,903	19,680,222	_	_
Cash and bank balances	40,364,130	48,440,869	1,336,269	1,436,093
	105,818,033	68,121,091	1,336,269	1,436,093

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE Financial statements

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office of the Company is located at 62C, Jalan SS21/62, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal place of business of the Company is located at 33, Jalan Kartunis U1/47, Temasya Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The financial statements are expressed in Ringgit Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 24th March 2016.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the significant accounting policies in Note 2.4.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reported period. It also requires directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in the Note 3 to the financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.2 Adoption of Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs

The Group and the Company have adopted the following amendments/improvements to MFRSs that are mandatory for the current financial year:

First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards
Share-based Payment
Business Combinations
Operating Segments
Fair Value Measurement
Property, Plant and Equipment
Employee Benefits
Related Party Disclosures
Intangible Assets
Investment Property

The adoption of the above amendments/improvements to MFRSs did not have any significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, and did not result in significant changes to the Group's and the Company's existing accounting policies.

2.3 New MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following new MFRSs and amendments/ improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective:

		Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
New MFRSs		
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1st January 2018
MFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1st January 2018
Amendments/Imp	provements to MFRSs	
MFRS 5	Non-current Asset Held for Sale and	1st January 2016
	Discontinued Operations	
MFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1st January 2016
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	Deferred/
		1st January 2016
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	1st January 2016
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities	1st January 2016
MFRS 101	Presentation of Financial Statements	1st January 2016
MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment	1st January 2016
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits	1st January 2016
MFRS 127	Separate Financial Statements	1st January 2016
MFRS 128	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	Deferred/
		1st January 2016
MFRS 138	Intangible Assets	1st January 2016
MFRS 141	Agriculture	1st January 2016

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.3 New MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective (Cont'd)

A brief discussion on the above significant new MFRSs and amendments/improvements to MFRSs are summarised below. Due to the complexity of these new MFRSs and amendments/improvements to MFRSs, the financial effects of their adoption are currently still being assessed by the Group and the Company.

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Key requirements of MFRS 9:-

• MFRS 9 introduces an approach for classification of financial assets which is driven by cash flow characteristics and the business model in which an asset is held. The new model also results in a single impairment model being applied to all financial instruments.

In essence, if a financial asset is a simple debt instrument and the objective of the entity's business model within which it is held is to collect its contractual cash flows, the financial asset is measured at amortised cost. In contrast, if that asset is held in a business model the objective of which is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, then the financial asset is measured at fair value in the statements of financial position, and amortised cost information is provided through profit or loss. If the business model is neither of these, then fair value information is increasingly important, so it is provided both in the profit or loss and in the statements of financial position.

- MFRS 9 introduces a new, expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition
 of expected credit losses. Specifically, this Standard requires entities to account for expected
 credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognised and to recognise full lifetime
 expected losses on a more timely basis. The model requires an entity to recognise expected
 credit losses at all times and to update the amount of expected credit losses recognised at each
 reporting date to reflect changes in the credit risk of financial instruments. This model eliminates
 the threshold for the recognition of expected credit losses, so that it is no longer necessary for
 a trigger event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- MFRS 9 introduces a substantially-reformed model for hedge accounting, with enhanced disclosures about risk management activity. The new model represents a significant overhaul of hedge accounting that aligns the accounting treatment with risk management activities, enabling entities to better reflect these activities in their financial statements. In addition, as a result of these changes, users of the financial statements will be provided with better information about risk management and the effect of hedge accounting on the financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.3 New MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective (Cont'd)

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The core principle of MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:

- (i) identify the contracts with a customer;
- (ii) identify the performance obligation in the contract;
- (iii) determine the transaction price;
- (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract;
- (v) recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

MFRS 15 also includes new disclosures that would result in an entity providing users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers.

The following MFRSs and IC Interpretations will be withdrawn on the application of MFRS 15:

MFRS 111	Construction Contracts
MFRS 118	Revenue
IC Interpretation 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes
IC Interpretation 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
IC Interpretation 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers
IC Interpretation 131	Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services

Amendments to MFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Amendments to MFRS 5 introduce specific guidance on when an entity reclassifies an asset (or disposal group) from held for sale to held for distribution to owners (or vice versa), or when held-for-distribution is discontinued.

Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Amendments to MFRS 7 provide additional guidance to clarify whether servicing contracts constitute continuing involvement for the purposes of applying the disclosure requirements of MFRS 7.

The amendments also clarify the applicability of Disclosure – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to MFRS 7) to condensed interim financial statements.

Amendments to MFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

Amendments to MFRS 11 clarify that when an entity acquires an interest in a joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business, as defined in MFRS 3, it shall apply the relevant principles on business combinations accounting in MFRS 3, and other MFRSs, that do not conflict with MFRS 11. Some of the impact arising may be the recognition of goodwill, recognition of deferred tax assets/ liabilities and recognition of acquisition-related costs as expenses. The amendments do not apply to joint operations under common control and also clarify that previously held interests in a joint operation are not re-measured if the joint operator retains joint control.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.3 New MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective (Cont'd)

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements

Amendments to MFRS 101 improve the effectiveness of disclosures. The amendments clarify guidance on materiality and aggregation, the presentation of subtotals, the structure of financial statements and the disclosure of accounting policies.

Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment

Amendments to MFRS 116 prohibit revenue-based depreciation because revenue does not reflect the way in which an item of property, plant and equipment is used or consumed.

Amendments to MFRS 119 Employee Benefits

Amendments to MFRS 119 clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used to estimate the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations should be denominated in the same currency as the liability and the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds should be assessed at a currency level.

Amendments to MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements

Amendments to MFRS 127 allow a parent and investors to use the equity method in its separate financial statements to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, in addition to the existing options.

Amendments to MFRS 138 Intangible Assets

Amendments to MFRS 138 introduce a rebuttable presumption that the revenue-based amortisation method is inappropriate. This presumption can be overcome only in the following limited circumstances:

- when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, i.e. in the circumstance in which the predominant limiting factor that is inherent in an intangible asset is the achievement of a revenue threshold; or
- when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

These amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in MFRS 10 and those in MFRS 128, in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business, as defined in MFRS 3. A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.3 New MFRSs and Amendments/Improvements to MFRSs that have been issued, but yet to be effective (Cont'd)

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, MFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities and MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

These amendments address the following issues that have arisen in the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities:

- Exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements: the amendments clarify that the exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, when the investment entity measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value.
- Consolidation of intermediate investment entities: the amendments clarify that only a subsidiary is not an investment entity itself and provides support services to the investment entity is consolidated. All other subsidiaries of an investment entity are measured at fair value.
- Policy choice for equity accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures: the amendments allow a non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by the investment entity associate or joint venture to its interest in subsidiaries, or to unwind the fair value measurement and instead perform a consolidation at the level of the investment entity associate or joint venture.

Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment and Amendments to MFRS 141 Agriculture

With the amendments, bearer plants would come under the scope of MFRS 116 and would be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment. A bearer plant is defined as a living plant that is used in the production or supply of agricultural produce, is expected to bear produce for more than one period and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce, except for incidental scrap sales.

Nevertheless, the produce growing on the bearer plant would remain within the scope of MFRS 141. This is because the growth of the produce directly increases the expected revenue from the sale of the produce. Moreover, fair value measurement of the growing produce provides useful information to users of financial statements about future cash flows that an entity will actually realise as the produce will ultimately be detached from the bearer plants and sold separately.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements:-

(a) Basis of Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including unincorporated entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transactions costs.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

(ii) Accounting for Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

From 1st January 2011 the Group has applied MFRS 3, Business Combination (Revised) in accounting for business combinations. The change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively in accordance with the transitional provisions provided by the standard and does not have impact on earnings per share.

For acquisition on or after 1st January 2011, the Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as:-

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities that the Group incurs in connection with a business combinations are expensed as incurred.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(a) Basis of Consolidation (Cont'd)

(iii) Accounting for Acquisition of Non-controlling Interests

The Group treats all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

(iv) Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

All property, plant and equipment are initially stated at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 2.4(g).

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold lands are not depreciated as it has an infinite lives. All other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful lives of the assets concerned. The annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:-

Leasehold land	61 years - 82 years
Buildings	2%
Electrical installation	10%
Plant and machinery	15%
Motor vehicles	15%
Office equipment	10%
Furniture and fittings	10%
Renovation	10%

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation (Cont'd)

Work-in-progress is not depreciated as this asset is not yet available for use.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effects of any revisions of the residual values and useful lives are included in the profit or loss for the financial year in which the changes arise.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit or loss in the financial year the asset is derecognised.

(c) Investment Property

Investment property is property held for long term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation and is not occupied by the Group. Such properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of investment properties are provided for the straight line basis to write off the cost of investment properties to their residual value over their estimated useful lives of the investment properties.

Building is depreciated on a straight line basis to write off the cost over its estimated useful lives at an annual rate of 2%.

A property interest under an operating lease is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis when the Group holds it to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Any such property interest under an operating lease classified as an investment property is carried at fair value.

Investment property is derecognised when either it has been disposed off or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in the profit or loss in the financial year in which it arises.

(d) Intangible Assets

Trademark represents the acquisition cost of the rights and license to use the name of "Goodlite" in the manufacturing of electrical lighting and fittings. Trademark is stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Trademark with finite useful lives will be amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated economic useful lives of 10 years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for trademark are reviewed yearly at the end of each reporting period.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. The cost of raw materials and consumables comprise cost of purchase, transport and handling charges. The costs of finished goods and work-in-progress comprise cost of raw materials, direct labour and other direct costs and appropriate proportions of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(f) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contract provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value, except for financial instruments not measured at fair value through profit or loss, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instruments.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised as fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with the policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(a) Subsequent Measurement

The Group and the Company categorise the financial instruments as follows:

(i) Financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss when the financial assets are either held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or are designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at costs.

As at the end of the reporting period, there were no financial assets classified under this category.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(f) Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

(a) Subsequent Measurement (Cont'd)

The Group and the Company categorise the financial instruments as follows: (Cont'd)

(i) Financial assets (Cont'd)

Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 2.4(g). Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process.

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold them to maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process.

As at the end of the reporting period, there were no financial assets classified under this category.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise investment in equity and debt securities that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories.

Subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses arising from monetary items and gains and losses of hedged items attributable to hedge risks of fair values hedges which are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

As at the end of the reporting period, there were no financial assets classified under this category.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(f) Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

(a) Subsequent Measurement (Cont'd)

The Group and the Company categorise the financial instruments as follows: (Cont'd)

(ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of equity instruments that do not have a quoted price in an active market for identical instruments whose fair values otherwise cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities

Subsequent to initial recognition, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process.

(b) Financial Guarantee Contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

(c) Regular Way Purchase or Sale of Financial Assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial asset is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:-

- the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date; and
- derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(f) Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

(d) Derecognition

A financial asset or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(g) Impairment

The Group and the Company assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

(i) Impairment of Financial Assets

Trade and other receivables

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been occurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increased in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and the observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(g) Impairment (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairments, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. Where the carrying amounts of an asset exceed its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

An impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment was recognised. The carrying amount of an asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed its carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss for an asset is recognised in the profit or loss.

(h) Equity Instruments

Instrument classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(iii) Distributions of assets to owners of the Company

The Group measures a liability to distribute assets as a dividend to the owners of the Company at the fair value of the assets to be distributed. The carrying amount of the dividend is remeasured at each reporting period and at the settlement date, with any changes recognised directly in equity as adjustments to the amount of the distribution. On settlement of the transaction, the Group recognises the difference, if any, between carrying amount of the assets distributed and the carrying amount of the liability in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(i) Leases

(i) Finance Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership are classified as finance leases.

Assets acquired by way of finance lease are stated at an amount equal to the lower of their fair values and the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The corresponding liability is included in the statements of financial position as borrowings. In calculating the present value of minimum lease payments, the discount factor used is the interest rate implicit in the lease, when it is practicable to determine; otherwise, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used. Property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the asset and the lease term.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance costs and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Finance cost, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss over the term of the relevant lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

(ii) Operating Lease

Leases of assets where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight line basis.

In the previous years, a leasehold land that normally had an indefinite economic lives and title was not expected to pass to the lessee by the end of the lease term was treated as an operating lease. The payment made on entering into or acquiring a leasehold land that was accounted for as an operating lease represents prepaid lease payments, except for leasehold land classified as investment property.

(j) Interest-bearing Borrowings

All interest-bearing borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(k) Foreign Currencies

(i) Functional and Presentation Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency and presentation currency.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(k) Foreign Currencies (Cont'd)

(ii) Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of reporting period are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

(I) Revenue Recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognised revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measured until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(i) Sales of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon delivery of products and customers' acceptance, net of discounts and returns and when the significant risk and rewards of ownership have been passed to the buyer. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(ii) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accruals basis using the effective interest method unless collectability is in doubt in which recognition will be on a receipt basis.

(iii) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(m) Income Tax

The tax expense in the profit or loss represents the aggregate amount of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided for, using the liability method, on temporary differences at the each of reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or negative goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the each of reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited directly in other comprehensive income, or when it arises from a business combination that is an acquisition, in which case the deferred tax is included in the resulting goodwill or the amount of any excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the combination.

(n) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

(o) Employee Benefits

(i) Short Term Employee Benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses, social security contribution and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by the employees. Short-term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences like sick leave, maternity and paternity leave are recognised when absences occur.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(o) Employee Benefits (Cont'd)

(ii) Post-Employment Benefits

The Group contributes to the Employees' Provident Fund, the national defined contribution plan. The contributions are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which they are related. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

(p) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(q) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits and other short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Cash and cash equivalents are stated net of bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand.

(r) Earnings per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for own shares held for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes, bonus issue and share options granted to employees.

(s) Contingencies

(i) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

(s) Contingencies (Cont'd)

(ii) Contingent assets

Where it is not probable that there is an outflow of economic benefits, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the asset is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent asset, unless the probability of inflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent assets unless the probability of inflow of economic benefits is remote.

(t) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would be use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect in determining the amounts recognised in the financial statements include the following:-

(i) Classification of leasehold land

The Group had in the previous financial year, reassessed and determined that all leasehold land of the Group which are in substance finance leases and had reclassified the leasehold land from prepaid lease payments to property, plant and equipment.

(ii) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the relevant assets.

In addition, the estimation of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment would increase the recorded expenses and decrease the non-current assets.

(iii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses impairment of assets whenever the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable i.e. the carrying amount of the asset is more than the recoverable amount.

The Group reviews the carrying amount of its non-current assets, which include property, plant and equipment, to determine whether there is an indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss in accordance with relevant accounting policies on the respective category of non-current assets. Independent valuations to determine the carrying amount of these assets will be procured when the need arise.

As at end of reporting period, the directors of the Group are of the opinion that there is no indication that the property, plant and equipment may be impaired.

(iv) Impairment of investment in subsidiaries

The Group and the Company carried out the impairment test based on a variety of estimation including the value in use of the cash generating unit. Estimating the value in use requires the Group and the Company to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

(v) Impairment of loans and receivables

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. The carrying amount of the Group's loans and receivables at the end of reporting period is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

(vi) Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated economic useful lives. The directors estimates that the useful lives of the intangible assets to be 10 years. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and residual values of the intangible assets. Therefore the future amortisation charge could be revised.

(vii) Income taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the capital allowances and deductibility of certain expenses during the estimation of the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(viii) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

The determination of treatment of contingent liabilities is based on directors' view of the expected outcome of the contingencies for matters in the ordinary course of the business.

(ix) Allowance for obsolete inventories

Reviews are made periodically by management on demand, obsolete and slow moving inventories. These reviews require judgements and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuations of inventories.

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Leasehold Land RM
20,313,000 21,854,809 55,425 - 12,290
20,313,000 21,854,809 67,715
597,621 1,246,198 49,044 40,573,422
274,425 459,096 53 3,219,743 (92,117)
872,046 1,705,294 49,097 43,701,048
274,425 459,096 1,408 3,168,970
1,146,471 2,164,390 50,505 46,870,018
19,440,954 20,149,515 6,328 11,203,968
6,816,000 19,166,529 19,690,419 17,210 13,260,890

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

(a) During the financial year, the aggregate costs of property, plant and equipment acquired by means of:-

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	19,511,129	8,739,126
Financed by: - hire purchase - term loan	- 6,921,616	998,000 -
Cash payments on purchase of property, plant and equipment	12,589,513	7,741,126

(b) Assets held under finance lease

Net carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment held under finance lease arrangements are as follows:-

		Group
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Motor vehicles	-	1,100,780

(c) Assets pledged as security

The net carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment pledged as securities for borrowings as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statement are as follows:-

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Buildings	2,028,000	2,073,680
Freehold land	6,326,000	6,326,000
Building under construction	10,138,414	-
	18,492,414	8,399,680

(d) Lease period for leasehold land

Leasehold land consisting of land with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years.

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
At cost		
At 1st January/31st December	445,000	445,000
Accumulated depreciation		
At 1st January	35,600	26,700
Depreciation for the financial year	8,900	8,900
At 31st December	44,500	35,600
Net carrying amount	400,500	409,400

The Group's investment properties with carrying amount of RM85,500/- (2014: RM87,400/-) and RM315,000/- (2014: RM322,000/-) are held under freehold and leasehold with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years respectively.

Direct operating expenses recognised in profit or loss in respect of investment properties amounted to RM3,611/- (2014: RM3,929/-).

Fair value of investment properties are categorised as follows:-

	Group			
	Level 1	Level 3	Total	
	RM	RM	RM	RM
2015				
Investment properties	-	_	670,000	670,000
2014				
Investment properties	-	-	850,000	850,000

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the financial year ended 31st December 2015 and 31st December 2014.

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values within level 3, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

Description	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to
Buildings	Sales comparison approach	Price per square foot RM951/- and RM343/-	The higher the price per square foot, the higher the fair value

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Valuation process applied by the Group

The fair value of investment properties is determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of property being valued. The valuation was generally derived using the sales comparison approach, where the sales price of comparable properties is close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size and is therefore recognised under level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the investment properties was derived through internal research and directors' best estimation in previous financial year.

Highest and best use

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSET

	2015 RM	Group 2014 RM
Trademark		
At cost At 1st January/31st December	89,000	89,000
Accumulated amortisation At 1st January Amortisation for the financial year	80,545 8,400	72,090 8,455
At 31st December	88,945	80,545
Net carrying amount	55	8,455

7. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Assets RM	Group Liabilities RM
At 1st January 2014	718,476	(1,482,471)
Recognised in the profit or loss (Note 21)	(408,299)	607,708
At 31st December 2014	310,177	(874,763)
Recognised in the profit or loss (Note 21)	(310,177)	(720,531)
At 31st December 2015	-	(1,595,294)
Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows:-		
At 31st December 2014	310,177	(874,763)
At 31st December 2015	-	(1,595,294)

7. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

The deferred tax assets relates to a subsidiary's unutilised tax losses carried forward. Deferred tax assets are recognised by the subsidiary based on the expected probable future taxable profit generated by the subsidiary.

The components and movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:-

	Property, plant and equipment RM	Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances RM	Total RM
Group Deferred tax assets			
At 1st January 2014	_	718,476	718,476
Recognised in the profit or loss	-	(408,299)	(408,299)
At 31st December 2014	_	310,177	310,177
Recognised in the profit or loss	-	(310,177)	(310,177)
At 31st December 2015	_	-	_
Deferred tax liabilities			
At 1st January 2014	(1,482,471)	-	(1,482,471)
Recognised in the profit or loss	607,708	_	607,708
At 31st December 2014	(874,763)	_	(874,763)
Recognised in the profit or loss	(720,531)	-	(720,531)
At 31st December 2015	(1,595,294)	-	(1,595,294)
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)			
At 31st December 2014	(874,763)	310,177	(564,586)
At 31st December 2015	(1,595,294)	-	(1,595,294)

8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

		Company
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares - at cost	40,933,094	40,933,094

8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The details of the subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia are as follows:-

Name of Subsidiary		e Equity erest 2014 %	Principal Activities
United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Manufacturing of and dealing in cable support systems, integrated ceiling systems, steel roof battens and related industrial metal products
United U-LI Steel Service Centre Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Provision of slitting and shearing services and trading of industrial hardware
Cable-Tray Industries (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Manufacturing of and dealing in all types of cable trunking and related industrial metal products
Gabung Mekar Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding
United U-LI Building Materials Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Manufacturing of and trading in integrated ceiling systems, steel roof battens and building materials
United U-LI Goodlite Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Manufacturing of and trading in electrical lighting and fittings products
U-LI Goodlite Marketing Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Trading in electrical lighting and fitting products

9. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
At cost		
Raw materials	28,010,495	28,609,677
Consumables	1,861,819	1,710,945
Work-in-progress	3,913,514	3,783,651
Finished goods	11,538,080	9,599,557
	45,323,908	43,703,830

During the financial year, the cost of inventories recognised as expenses in the Group amounted to RM96,311,197/- (2014: RM95,877,975/-).

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Note	2015 RM	Group 2014 RM	2015 RM	Company 2014 RM
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for	(a)	71,086,103	64,088,347	-	-
impairment		(1,038,246)	(272,965)	-	-
Trade receivables, net		70,047,857	63,815,382	-	-
Other receivables					
Amount owing by subsidiaries	(b)	_	_	76,396,209	29,258,055
Deposits	(C)	5,717,191	376,552		
Other receivables	(-)	21,669	12,019	-	-
		5,738,860	388,571	76,396,209	29,258,055
Total trade and other receivables		75,786,717	64,203,953	76,396,209	29,258,055
Total trade and					
other receivables		75,786,717	64,203,953	76,396,209	29,258,055
Add: Fixed deposits pla	aced				
with licensed back Cash and bank		65,453,903	19,680,222	-	-
balances		40,364,130	48,440,869	1,336,269	1,436,093
Total loans and receive	ables	181,604,750	132,325,044	77,732,478	30,694,148

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's normal trade credit terms range from 30 to 150 days (2014: 30 to 150 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case by case basis.

The foreign currency exposure profile of trade receivables are as follows:-

	Group	
2015 RM		
Brunei Dollar 189,792	210,744	
Singapore Dollar 9,830,451	8,965,439	
US Dollar 1,283,356	1,280,697	
11,303,599	10,456,880	

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

(a) Trade receivables (Cont'd)

Ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables are as follows:-

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Neither past due nor impaired	16,806,194	14,876,831
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	16,730,453	15,037,031
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	14,009,624	12,597,577
61 to 90 days past due not impaired	11,479,568	10,044,402
More than 90 days past due not impaired	11,022,018	11,259,541
	53,241,663	48,938,551
Impaired	1,038,246	272,965
	71,086,103	64,088,347

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group.

None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM53,241,663/- (2014: RM48,938,551/-) that are past due but not impaired and are unsecured in nature. These receivables relate to customers whom there is no objective evidence that the receivables are not fully recoverable. No impairment has been made on these amounts as the Group is closely monitoring these receivables and is confident of their eventual recovery.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the end of reporting period are as follows:-

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Individually impaired		
Trade receivables	1,038,246	272,965
Less: Allowance for impairment	(1,038,246)	(272,965)
	_	_

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

(a) Trade receivables (Cont'd)

Movements in the allowance for impairment account are as follows:-

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
At 1st January	272,965	2,230,057
Allowance for the financial year	828,967	20,080
Reversal of impairment losses	(63,686)	(446,815)
Written off during the financial year	-	(1,530,357)
At 31st December	1,038,246	272,965

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

(b) Amount owing by subsidiaries

The amount owing by subsidiaries is unsecured, interest free and is repayable on demand by cash.

(c) Deposits

Included in deposits of the Group are:-

- deposits paid to suppliers for acquisition of machinery and a piece of leasehold land amounting to RM2,129,579/- (2014: RM100,000/-) and RM2,300,000/- (2014: RM Nil) respectively. The balance of the purchase consideration is disclosed as a capital commitment in Note 25 to the financial statements; and
- (ii) deposits paid to a supplier for the acquisition of raw materials amounting to RM1,012,463/- (2014: RM Nil).

11. FIXED DEPOSITS PLACED WITH LICENSED BANKS

The fixed deposits earn interest of 3.10% to 3.78% (2014: 2.78%) per annum and have maturity period within three months.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company			
	2015		2014	
	Number of Shares Unit ('000)	Amount RM ('000)	Number of Shares Unit ('000)	Amount RM ('000)
Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each				
Authorised:- At the beginning/end of the financial year	200,000	100,000	200,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:- At the beginning of the financial year Issuance of ordinary shares	132,000 13,200	66,000 6,600	132,000	66,000 –
At the end of the financial year	145,200	72,600	132,000	66,000

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

During the financial year, the Company increased its issued and paid-up share capital from RM66,000,000/- to RM72,600,000/- by the issuance of 13,200,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each at RM3.50 pursuant to the private placement exercise.

The new ordinary shares issued during the financial year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

13. SHARE PREMIUM

	Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
At the beginning of the financial year Issuance of ordinary shares	- 39,600,000	-
At the end of the financial year	39,600,000	_

Share premium comprises the premium paid on subscription of shares in the Company over and above the par value of the shares. The share premium is not distributable by way of dividends and may be utilised in the manner set out in Section 60(3) of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

14. RETAINED PROFITS

The entire retained profits of the Company as at 31st December 2015 may be distributed as dividends under the single tier system.

15. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

		Group	
	Maturity	2015 RM	2014 RM
Current Secured:-			
Bankers' acceptance	2016	16,841,000	14,750,000
Revolving credits	-	-	3,000,000
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	587,983
Term loan	2016	682,983	48,961
		17,523,983	18,386,944
Non-current			
Secured:-			
Term loans	2017/2024	6,298,476	60,097
Total loans and borrowings		23,822,459	18,447,041

(a) Bankers' acceptance and revolving credits

The bankers' acceptance and revolving credits are secured by way of:-

- (i) legal charges over land and buildings of subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 4(c) to the financial statements;
- (ii) corporate guarantee by the Company; and
- (iii) negative pledge on all assets of a subsidiary.

15. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

(b) Finance lease liabilities

The Group had finance leases for certain items of motor vehicles as disclosed in Note 4(b) to the financial statements. These leases do not have terms of renewal, but have purchase options at nominal values at the end of the lease term.

Future minimum lease payments under finance leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments are as follows:-

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Future minimum lease payments:-		
- not later than one year	_	597,298
- later than one year but not later than five years	-	-
	_	597,298
Less: Future finance charges	-	(9,315)
Present value of finance lease liabilities	-	587,983
Represented by:- Current		
- not later than one year	-	587,983
Non-current		
- later than one year but not later than five years	-	_
	-	587,983

(c) Term loans

	(Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Current - not later than one year	682,983	48,961	
Non-current - later than one year but not later than two years - later than two years but not later than five years - later than five years	846,860 2,520,000 2,931,616	53,425 6,672	
	6,298,476	60,097	
	6,981,459	109,058	

15. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

(c) Term loans (Cont'd)

Term loan 1 of a subsidiary of RM59,843/- (2014: RM109,058/-) bears interest at 7.35% (2014: 7.35%) per annum and is repayable by monthly instalments of RM4,635/- over 120 instalments commencing from the full release of the term loan and is secured and supported as follows:-

- (i) legal charges over land and buildings of subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 4(c);
- (ii) corporate guarantee by the Company; and
- (iii) negative pledge on all assets of a subsidiary.

Term loan 2 of a subsidiary of RM6,921,616/- (2014: RM Nil) bears interest at 4.40% (2014: Nil) per annum and is repayable by monthly instalments of RM70,000/- over 120 instalments commencing of the following month from the date of full drawdown or upon expiry of the availability period, whichever is the earlier and is secured and supported as follows:-

- (i) legal charges over construction costs of a factory as disclosed in Note 4(c);
- (ii) debenture of fixed and floating charge over the equipment and the project; and
- (iii) corporate guarantee by the Company.

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		Group		Company	
	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Current					
Trade payables	(a)	13,556,504	11,924,600	-	-
Other payables					
Accruals		2,385,222	1,912,271	438,240	332,850
Other payables	(b)	9,395,658	4,661,445	4,365,302	2,649,302
		11,780,880	6,573,716	4,803,542	2,982,152
Total trade and othe	r				
payables		25,337,384	18,498,316	4,803,542	2,982,152
Total trade and other Add: Loans and borro		25,337,384	18,498,316	4,803,542	2,982,152
(Note 15)		23,822,459	18,447,041	-	-
Total financial liabilit					0.000.450
carried at amortise	ed cost	49,159,843	36,945,357	4,803,542	2,982,152

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONT'D)

(a) Trade payables

The normal trade payables credit terms granted to the Group range from 15 to 120 days (2014: 15 to 120 days).

The foreign currency exposure profile of trade payables is as follows:-

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Singapore Dollar	-	49,722
US Dollar	-	23,439
	-	73,161

(b) Other payables

Included in other payables of the Group are:-

- (i) interim dividend payable to shareholders amounting to RM4,356,000/- (2014: RM2,640,000/-); and
- (ii) construction and installation costs of property, plant and machinery amounting to RM2,039,719/-(2014: RM Nil).

17. REVENUE

Revenue of the Group and the Company consists of the following:-

		Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Sale of goods	179,192,071	172,278,509	_	_	
Dividend income	-	-	20,592,000	9,240,000	
	179,192,071	172,278,509	20,592,000	9,240,000	

18. COST OF SALES

Cost of sales represents the direct costs attributable to goods produced and sold by the Group.

19. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit has been arrived at:-

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
After charging:-				
Amortisation of intangible assets	8,400	8,455	-	-
Audit fee:-				
- current year	103,000	98,000	30,000	21,000
- prior year	19,760	2,360	10,800	5,000
Bad debts written off	37,788	206,206	-	-
Casual wages, bonuses and				
allowances	10,811,884	10,550,193	-	-
Depreciation of:-				
- property, plant and equipment	5,520,610	5,566,202	-	-
 investment properties 	8,900	8,900	-	-
Directors' remuneration	7,522,986	5,698,891	436,400	338,200
Impairment loss on receivables	828,967	20,080	-	-
Rental of premises:-				
 paid/payable to directors 	25,200	25,200	-	-
- others	225,500	194,246	-	-
Rental of office equipment	49,354	51,856	-	-
Staff costs:-				
- salaries, allowances and				
bonuses	6,964,349	5,942,628	-	-
 Employees' Provident Fund 	977,414	843,342	-	-
- SOCSO	89,319	80,623	-	-
 other staff related costs 	333,026	358,870	-	-
Property, plant and equipment				
written off	-	285	-	-
Inventories written off	341,770	207,777	-	-
And crediting:-				
Reversal of impairment loss on				
receivables	(63,686)	(446,815)	-	-
Net gain on foreign exchange				
- realised	(2,231,359)	(68,004)	-	-
- unrealised	(235,988)	(207,464)	-	-
Gain on disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	(145,659)	(304,061)	-	-
Interest income	(1,706,024)	(773,159)	-	-

20. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Interest expenses:-		
 bankers' acceptances and revolving credit 	996,187	699,860
- term loan	136,476	9,656
- finance lease liabilities	9,315	16,633
	1,141,978	726,149

21. TAXATION

	2015 RM	Group 2014 RM	Comp 2015 RM	oany 2014 RM
Income tax:-				
- current year - prior years	(8,598,244) (51,183)	(7,930,655) 201,260		
	(8,649,427)	(7,729,395)	_	_
Deferred taxation (Note 7):-				
- current year - prior years	(853,258) (177,450)	(551,136) 750,545		
	(1,030,708)	199,409	_	_
	(9,680,135)	(7,529,986)	-	-

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory rate of 25% of the estimated assessable profit for the fiscal year. The statutory tax rate will be reduced to 24% from current year's rate of 25% with effect from year of assessment 2016.

21. TAXATION (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Profit before taxation	35,682,454	30,758,961	19,645,602	8,711,047
	(0.000.01.4)		(4.011.401)	(0.177.700)
Tax at applicable tax rate of 25% Tax effects arising from:-	(8,920,614)	(7,689,740)	(4,911,401)	(2,177,762)
- non-deductible expenses	(646,283)	(1,095,941)	(236,599)	(132,238)
- non-taxable income	110,696	194,763	5,148,000	2,310,000
- (origination)/reversal of deferred				
tax assets not recognised in the				
financial statements	(19,031)	110,641	-	-
 deferred tax recognised in 				
difference tax rate	23,730	(1,514)	-	-
- prior years	(228,633)	951,805	_	-
Tax expense for the financial year	(9,680,135)	(7,529,986)	_	-

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:-

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Property, plant and equipment	273,669	240,358	_	_
Unabsorbed tax losses	2,210,129	2,164,147	-	-
	2,483,798	2,404,505	-	-
Potential deferred tax assets not recognised	596,112	577.081		
recognised	590,112	577,001	—	-

22. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONT'D)

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the financial year attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each on issue during the financial year.

	Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Profit for the financial year, net of tax Weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue	26,002,319 136,809,863	23,228,975 132,000,000
Basic earnings per share	19.01	17.60

(b) Diluted

The basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share are equal as the Group has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

23. DIVIDENDS

	Group a 2015 RM	nd Company 2014 RM
Recognised during the financial year:-		
Final dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2013	-	3,960,000
First interim dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2014	-	2,640,000
Second interim dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2014	-	2,640,000
Third interim dividend of 6 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2014	7,920,000	_
First interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015	3,960,000	_
Second interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015	4,356,000	_
Third interim dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share of RM0.50 each in respect of the financial year ended 31st December 2015	4,356,000	_
	20,592,000	9,240,000

24. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Identification of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operational decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties of the Group include:-

- (i) Direct subsidiaries; and
- (ii) Key management personnel which comprise persons (including the directors of the Company) having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly.

(b) Significant related party transactions

Significant related party transactions other than disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:-

	Group			Company
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Dividends received/receivable from a subsidiary - United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd.	-	-	20,592,000	9,240,000
Rental of premises paid/ payable to directors, namely Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah, Dato' Lee Yoon King and Datin Wira Lim Pki Fong (spouse of Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah)	25,200	25,200	-	_
Salaries and other related expenses paid/payable to persons related to certain directors	238,196	218,813	-	-

(c) Key management personnel remuneration

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Short term employee benefits	6,582,476	5,265,053	436,400	338,200
Employees' Provident Fund	1,023,552	874,458	_	–
	7,606,028	6,139,511	436,400	338,200

24. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

(c) Key management personnel remuneration (Cont'd)

Other members of key management personnel comprise persons other than directors of the Group entities, having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group entities either directly or indirectly.

The details of remuneration received and receivable by directors of the Group and of the Company during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group		Company		
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Executive:-					
- salaries - fees - other emoluments	6,067,374 144,000 963,712	4,484,481 108,000 820,710	7,500 144,000 –	7,500 108,000 –	
- benefits-in-kind	7,175,086 68,397	5,413,191 62,467	151,500 –	115,500 -	
	7,243,483	5,475,658	151,500	115,500	
Non-executive:-					
- fees - allowances	321,000 26,900	261,000 24,700	258,000 26,900	198,000 24,700	
	347,900	285,700	284,900	222,700	
Total	7,591,383	5,761,358	436,400	338,200	
Total directors' remuneration Total estimated money value of benefits-in-kind	7,522,986 68,397	5,698,891 62,467	436,400	338,200	
	7,591,383	5,761,358	436,400	338,200	

24. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

(c) Key management personnel remuneration (Cont'd)

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the financial year fell within the following bands is analysed below:-

	Number of Direct 2015	
Executive directors:-		
RM500,000 and below	1	1
RM500,001- RM1,000,000	-	-
RM1,000,001- RM1,500,000	-	-
RM1,500,001- RM2,000,000	-	-
RM2,000,001- RM2,500,000	-	2
RM2,500,001- RM3,000,000	2	-
Non-executive directors:-		
RM50,000 and below	4	4
RM50,001- RM100,000	-	-
RM100,001- RM150,000	1	1

25. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group		
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Capital expenditure approved and contracted for:-			
- purchase of machinery	3,141,061	620,000	
- building under construction	361,586	10,155,780	
- plant and machinery under installation	1,021,500	-	
- leasehold land	20,700,000	-	

Capital expenditure approved and not contracted for:-		
- purchase of machinery	862,160	-

25. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Determination of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:-

	Note
Financial assets (current) Trade and other receivables Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks Cash and bank balances	10 11 11
Financial liabilities (current) Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings (floating rate)	16 15
Financial liabilities (non-current) Loans and borrowings (floating rate)	15

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates or near the end of reporting period.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments not carried at fair value for which fair value is disclosed, together with their carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position.

	Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value			Total fair	Carrying
	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	value RM	amount RM
Financial Liability					
2015 Term Ioan	_	6,981,459	_	6,981,459	6,981,459
2014 Term loan	_	109,058	_	109,058	109,058

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group seeks to manage effectively various risks namely credit, liquidity, foreign currency, interest rate, and market price risks to which the Group is exposed to in its daily operations.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increase credit risk exposure. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including fixed deposits placed with licensed banks and cash and bank balances), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties. The management has a credit policy in place to monitor and minimise the exposure of default. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over certain amount.

(i) Exposure to credit risk

At the end of reporting period, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

(ii) Credit risk concentration profile

The Group determines concentrations of credit risk by monitoring the country profile of its trade receivables on an ongoing basis. The credit risk concentration profile of the Group's and the Company's trade receivables at the end of reporting period are as follows:-

	Group			
		2015		2014
	RM	% of total	RM	% of total
By country:-				
Malaysia	58,744,258	84%	53,447,522	84%
Singapore	9,830,451	14%	8,965,439	14%
Middle East	1,283,356	2%	522,152	1%
Japan	- · · ·	0%	680,509	1%
Others	189,792	0%	199,760	0%
	70,047,857	100%	63,815,382	100%

(iii) Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. Deposits with banks that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with reputable banks with high credit ratings and no history of default.

(iv) Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are past due or impaired is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk (Cont'd)

(v) Amount owing by subsidiaries

The amount owing by subsidiaries is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand by cash. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

(vi) Financial guarantees contracts

The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to banks in respect of loans and borrowings granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries and their repayment on an on-going basis. The maximum exposure to credit risks amounts to RM94,726,000/- (2014: RM93,860,000/-) representing the maximum amount the Company could pay if the guarantee is called on as disclosed in Note 27(b). As at the reporting date, there was no indication that the subsidiary would default on repayment.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all financing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements.

Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the end of reporting period based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

Financial Liabilities	Carrying amount RM	Contractual undiscounted cash flow RM	On demand or within one Year RM	One to five Years RM	Over five Years RM
2015 Group					
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	25,337,384 23,822,459	25,337,384 23,822,459	25,337,384 17,523,983	_ 3,366,860	_ 2,931,616
	49,159,843	49,159,843	42,861,367	3,366,860	2,931,616
Company Other payables and					
accruals Financial guarantee	4,803,542	4,803,542	4,803,542	-	-
contracts	-	94,726,000	94,726,000	-	-
	4,803,542	99,529,542	99,529,542	-	-

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27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Maturity analysis (cont'd)

Financial Liabilities	Carrying amount RM	Contractual undiscounted cash flow RM	On demand or within one Year RM	One to five Years RM	Over five Years RM
2014 Group					
Trade and other payables	18,498,316	18,498,316	18,498,316	-	-
Loans and borrowings	18,447,041	18,456,356	18,396,259	60,097	-
	36,945,357	36,954,672	36,894,575	60,097	-
Company Other payables and					
accruals Financial guarantee	2,982,152	2,982,152	2,982,152	-	-
contracts	_	93,860,000	93,860,000	-	_
	2,982,152	96,842,152	96,842,152	-	_

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

During the financial year, the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions that are denominated in currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia. The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly United States Dollar ("USD"), Singapore Dollar ("SGD") and Brunei Dollar ("BND").

The Group and the Company ensure that the net exposure to this risk is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances. Management does not enter into currency hedging transactions since it considers that the cost of such instruments outweigh the potential risk of exchange rate fluctuations.

The financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group that are not denominated in their functional currencies are disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax to a reasonably possible change in the exchange rates of BND, SGD and USD against the functional currency of the Group, with all the other variables held constant.

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

		Group	
		2015	2014
		RM	RM
		Profit for	Profit for
		the year	the year
BND/RM	- strengthened 3% (2014: 3%)	5,694	6,322
	- weakened 3% (2014: 3%)	(5,694)	(6,322)
SGD/RM	- strengthened 3% (2014: 3%)	294,914	267,472
	- weakened 3% (2014: 3%)	(294,914)	(267,472)
USD/RM	- strengthened 3% (2014: 3%)	38,501	37,718
	- weakened 3% (2014: 3%)	(38,501)	(37,718)

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from fixed deposits placed with licensed banks and loans and borrowings. The investments in financial assets are mainly short term in nature and they are not held for speculative purposes.

The Group and the Company manage the net exposure to interest rate risks by maintaining sufficient lines of credit to obtain acceptable lending costs and by monitoring the exposure to such risks on an ongoing basis. Management does not enter into interest rate hedging transactions since it considers that the cost of such instruments outweigh the potential risk of interest rate fluctuation.

	Effective Interest Rate %	Within one Year RM	One to five Years RM	More than five Years RM	Total RM
Group					
2015 Financial Asset Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks	3.10 - 3.78	65,453,903	-	_	65,453,903
Financial Liabilities Bankers' acceptances Term Ioan	4.60 - 5.66 4.40 - 7.35	16,841,000 682,983	- 3,366,860	- 2,931,616	16,841,000 6,981,459

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

	Effective Interest Rate %	Within one Year RM	One to five Years RM	More than five Years RM	Total RM
Group					
2014 Financial Asset Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks	2.78	19,680,222	_	-	19,680,222
Financial Liabilities Bankers' acceptances Revolving credits Finance lease liabilities Term loan	4.43 - 5.54 5.01 4.77 7.35	14,750,000 3,000,000 587,983 48,961	- - - 60,097	- - -	14,750,000 3,000,000 587,983 109,058

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the end of the reporting period, if interest rates had been 1% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax would have been RM238,225/- (2014: RM178,591/-) higher/ lower, arising mainly as a result of lower/higher interest expense on floating rate of loans and borrowings. The assumed movement in the percentage for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

(e) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group is exposed to commodity price risk which affects the price of raw materials used in the operations.

The Group has in place policies to manage the Group's exposure to fluctuations in the selling price of the Group's products and purchase prices of the key raw materials used in the operations. The directors conduct constant survey of the global market price and trend in order to determine the selling price.

28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capitals ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjusts the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31st December 2015 and 31st December 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total debts divided by total capital plus total debts. The Group includes within total debts, trade and other payables and loans and borrowings.

28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The gearing ratio of the Group and the Company is as follows:-

			Group	C	Company
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Trade and other payables	16	25,337,384	18,498,316	4,803,542	2,982,152
Loans and borrowings	15	23,822,459	18,447,041	-	-
Total debts		49,159,843	36,945,357	4,803,542	2,982,152
Equity attributable to owne	ers	050 700 005	005 407 000	440.074.040	00.001.010
of the parent		256,798,305	205,187,986	113,874,642	68,621,040
Capital and total debts		305,958,148	242,133,343	118,678,184	71,603,192
Gearing ratio		16.1%	15.3%	4.0%	4.2%

The Company is also required to comply with the disclosure and necessary capital requirements as prescribed in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

29. OPERATING SEGMENTS

General Information

The information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated and for assessing their performance is based on the nature of the products and services, and has three reportable operating segments as follows:-

- (a) Investment Holding
- (b) Cable Support Systems
- (c) Electrical Lighting and Fittings

Except as above, no other operating segment has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

There are varying levels of integration between Cable Support Systems reportable segments and the Electrical Lighting and Fittings reportable segments. This integration includes transfer of raw materials and shared distribution services, respectively. Inter-segment pricing is determined on negotiated basis.

29. OPERATING SEGMENTS(CONT'D)

Measurement of Reportable Segments

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the consolidated financial statements.

Segment profit or loss is profit earned or loss incurred by each segment with allocation of interest income, depreciation, interest expense, tax expense and other non-cash expenses. There are no significant changes from prior financial year in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss.

All the Group's assets are allocated to reportable segments other than deferred tax assets.

All the Group's liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than deferred tax liabilities.

2015	Investment Holding RM	Cable Support Systems RM	Electrical Lighting and Fittings RM	Adjustments and Elimination RM	Note	Consolidated Financial Statements RM
Revenue						
External customers	-	149,785,914	29,406,157	-		179,192,071
Inter-segment	20,911,200	7,869,556	22,041,683	(50,822,439)	(a)	-
Total revenue	20,911,200	157,655,470	51,447,840	(50,822,439)		179,192,071
Results						
Interest income	-	(1,545,208)	(160,816)	-		(1,706,024)
Depreciation on investment						
properties and property,					<i>a</i> >	/ -
plant and equipment	-	5,068,332	421,736	39,442	(b)	5,529,510
Interest expense	-	1,086,606	55,372	-		1,141,978
Tax expense	69,055	9,090,037	521,043	-	()	9,680,135
Other non-cash expenses	-	160,410	611,182	-	(C)	771,592
Segment results	19,827,795	33,729,097	2,207,004	(20,081,442)	(d)	35,682,454
Assets						
Additions to property,						
plant and equipment	-	19,465,431	45,698	-		19,511,129
Segment assets	122,134,842	312,130,903	53,388,658	(177,729,311)	(e)	309,925,092
Liabilities						
Deferred tax liabilities	135,373	1,295,323	146,934	17,664	(f)	1,595,294
Loans and borrowings	-	23,002,459	820,000	-	. /	23,822,459
Segment liabilities	5,520,775	150,838,423	31,417,140	(136,480,682)	(e)	51,295,656

29. OPERATING SEGMENTS(CONT'D)

Revenue	_ (51,235,753)		
	– (51,235,753)		
External customers - 145,891,452 26,387,057 Inter-segment 9,559,200 20,927,836 20,748,717	(01,200,100)	(a)	172,278,509
	(61 006 760)	(4)	170 070 500
Total revenue 9,559,200 166,819,288 47,135,774	(51,235,753)		172,278,509
Results			
Interest income – (702,495) (70,664)	-		(773,159)
Depreciation on investment			
properties and property,	00.440	(1-)	
plant and equipment – 5,090,361 445,299 Interest expense – 693,169 32,980	39,442	(b)	5,575,102 726,149
Tax expense 42,580 7,023,718 463,688	_		7,529,986
Other non-cash (income)/			7,020,000
expenses – (819,685) 303,863	_	(c)	(515,822)
Segment results 8,881,436 30,154,622 1,472,307	(9,749,404)	(d)	30,758,961
Assets			
Additions to property,			
plant and equipment – 8,564,348 174,778	-		8,739,126
Deferred tax assets – – – 310,177	-		310,177
Segment assets 74,892,946 253,123,664 53,358,283 (1	(138,215,191)	(e)	243,159,702
Liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities 122,023 735,076 -	17,664	(f)	874,763
Loans and borrowings – 18,206,041 241,000	-		18,447,041
Segment liabilities 3,658,969 96,438,492 33,765,673	(96,456,004)	(e)	37,407,130

Note: Nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements

- (a) Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.
- (b) Depreciation charged on the investment properties from a subsidiary company being recognised as property, plant and equipment on consolidation.

29. OPERATING SEGMENTS(CONT'D)

(c) Other material non-cash (income)/expenses consist of the following items as presented in the respective notes to the financial statements:-

		G	àroup
	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM
Impairment loss on receivables	10(a)	828,967	20,080
Amortisation of intangible assets	6	8,400	8,455
Bad debts written off		37,788	206,206
Inventories written off		341,770	207,777
Reversal of impairment loss	10(a)	(63,686)	(446,815)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(145,659)	(304,061)
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange		(235,988)	(207,464)
		771,592	(515,822)

(d) The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment profit to arrive at "Profit before taxation" presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income:-

		Group		
	2015 RM	2014 RM		
Profit from inter-segment revenue Inter-segment expenses	(21,760,386) 1,678,944	(8,358,244) (1,391,160)		
	(20,081,442)	(9,749,404)		

- (e) Inter-segment balances and investment in subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation.
- (f) Deferred tax liabilities are arising from the investment properties from a subsidiary company being recognised as property, plant and equipment on consolidation.

Geographical Segments

The Group's business segments operate substantially from Malaysia. In determining the geographical segments of the Group, revenues are based on the country in which the customer is located.

	Revenue		Т	otal assets	Capital expenditure	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Malaysia	143,660,580	137,170,636	298,385,656	233,102,019	19,511,129	8,739,126
Overseas	35,531,491	35,107,873	11,303,599	10,367,860	-	-
	179,192,071	172,278,509	309,689,255	243,469,879	19,511,129	8,739,126

30. SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 14th July 2015, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd. had entered into a Sales and Purchase Agreement with Double Intensive Sdn. Bhd. to purchase a plot of vacant industrial land for a total consideration of RM23,000,000/-.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON THE DISCLOSURE OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

On 25th March 2010, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") issued a directive to all listed issuers pursuant to Paragraphs 2.06 and 2.23 of Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements. The directive requires all listed issuers to disclose the breakdown of the retained profits or accumulated losses as at the end of the reporting period, into realised and unrealised profits and losses.

The following analysis of realised and unrealised profits or losses included in the retained earnings of the Group and the Company as at 31st December 2015 and 31st December 2014 is presented in accordance with the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Group		C	Company	
2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM	
171,703,899	165,801,954	1,674,642	2,621,040	
(1,359,306)	(357,122)	-	-	
170,344,593	165,444,832	1,674,642	2,621,040	
(25,746,288)	(26,256,846)	_	-	
144,598,305	139,187,986	1,674,642	2,621,040	
144,598,305	139,187,986	1,674,642	2,621,040	
	RM 171,703,899 (1,359,306) 170,344,593 (25,746,288) 144,598,305	2015 RM2014 RM171,703,899 (1,359,306)165,801,954 (357,122)170,344,593 (25,746,288)165,444,832 (26,256,846)144,598,305139,187,986	2015 2014 2015 RM RM RM 171,703,899 165,801,954 1,674,642 (1,359,306) (357,122) - 170,344,593 165,444,832 1,674,642 (25,746,288) (26,256,846) - 144,598,305 139,187,986 1,674,642	

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

We, **DATO' WIRA LEE YOON WAH** and **DATO' LEE YOON KONG**, being two of the directors of the United U-LI Corporation Berhad, do hereby state that in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 32 to 89 are properly drawn up in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31st December 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

The supplementary information set out on page 90 has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

On behalf of the Board,

DATO' WIRA LEE YOON WAH Director

DATO' LEE YOON KONG Director

Petaling Jaya

Date: 24th March 2016

STATUTORY **DECLARATION**

I, **CHOONG CHEE YEONG**, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of United U-LI Corporation Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the financial statements set out on pages 32 to 89, and the supplementary information set out on page 90 are correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, I960.

CHOONG CHEE YEONG

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Subang Jaya in the state of Selangor Darul Ehsan on 24th March 2016.

Before me,

Commissioner for Oaths Niu Kian Aik B309

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of United U-LI Corporation Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31st December 2015 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 32 to 89.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the Company's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31st December 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:-

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) Our audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comments made under Section 174(3) of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

Other Reporting Responsibilities

The supplementary information set out on page 90 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the contents of this report.

Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng No. AF 0117 Chartered Accountants Tan Ban Tatt No. 3099/03/18(J) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 24th March 2016

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

Company/ Location	Description/ Existing use	Land Area/ Built-up Area	Tenure	Age of Building (years)	Net Book Value RM'000	Date of Revaluation/ Acquisition
United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd.						
Lot 5 (PT7907) Jalan Balakong, 43300 Seri Kembangan, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Factory/ Factory used	43,666 Sq.ft/ 36,881 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 11 October 209	23 1	3,324	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 33, Jalan Kartunis U1/47, Temasya Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Semi- Detached Factory/ Office used	9,601 Sq.ft/ 8,392 Sq. ft	Freehold	17	3,620	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 29, Jalan Taming 7, Taman Taming Jaya Industrial Park, 43300 Balakong, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Terrace Factory/ Store	2,000 Sq.ft/ 2,550 Sq.ft	Freehold	23	390	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 43, Jalan Kamunting 1, Bukit Sentosa, 48300 Serendah Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Terrace n, Factory/ Vacant	1,600 Sq.ft/ 1,300 Sq.ft	Freehold	20	29	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 25, Jalan Taming 5, Taman Taming Jaya, 43300 Seri Kembangan, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Terrace Factory/ Store	13,500 Sq.ft/ 13,120 Sq.ft	Freehold	13	1,750	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 27, Jalan Taming 5, Taman Taming Jaya, 43300 Seri Kembangan, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Terrace Factory/ Store	13,500 Sq.ft/ 14,806 Sq.ft	Freehold	13	1,840	31.12.2015 Revalued
Unit B21-09, Desa Bistari Apartment, No. 3, Lindang Pantai Jerjak, 11700 Pulau Pinang.	Apartment/ Vacant	700 Sq.ft	Freehold	13	86	31.12.2015 Revalued
No. 102, Jalan Perigi Nanas 8/10, Section 12 (Phase 1B), Pulau Indah Industrial Park, West Port, 42920 Port Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Terrace Factory/ Vacant	2,400 Sq.ft/ 3,300 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 30 March 2097	12.5	233	31.12.2015 Revalued
Lot 7, Jalan 6/1, Kawasan Perindustrian Seri Kembangan, 43300 Seri Kembangan, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Factory/ Factory used	185,718 Sq.ft/ 163,500 Sq.ft	-	11 Э	14,696	31.12.2015 Revalued

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PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP (CONT'D)

Company/ Location	Description/ Existing use	Land Area/ Built-up Area	Tenure	Age of Building (years)	Net Book Value RM'000	Date of Revaluation/ Acquisition	
United U-LI (M) Sdn. Bhd. (Cont'd)							
Lot No. 120, Floor No. L23, Type S3, Resort Suites @ Pyramid Tower, Bandar Sunwa Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Condominium/ Vacant y,	456 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 21 February 21(12)2	315	31.12.2015 Revalued	
Lot No. PT 1481, Jalan Emas 1 Nilai Industrial Estate, 71800 Nilai, Negeri Sembilan Darul Khusus	Vacant	355,564 Sq.ft/ 64,907 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 19 August 208	25 9	13,026	31.10.2015 Acquired	
Gabung Mekar Sdn. Bhd.							
Lot 17045, Jalan Balakong, 43300 Seri Kembangan, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Factory/ Factory used	38,118 Sq.ft/ 37,428 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 11 October 209	23 11	2,403	31.12.2015 Revalued	
United U-LI Goodlite Sdn. Bh	d.						
No. 44, Jalan Cetak, Tasek Industrial Estate, 31400 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	Factory/ Factory used	131,282 Sq.ft/ 96,022 Sq.ft	99 years expiring on 20 March 2066	44 6	3,533	31.12.2015 Revalued	
United U-LI Building Materials Sdn. Bhd.							
1, Jalan Seroja 54, Taman Johor Jaya, 81100 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim.	Workshop/ Warehouse	9,408 Sq.ft/ 11,287 Sq.ft	Freehold	9.5	1,145	31.12.2015 Revalued	

SHAREHOLDERS'

List of Thirty (30) Largest Securities Account Holders as at 30 March 2016

No.	Names	Shareholdings	%
1.	Pearl Deal (M) Sdn. Bhd.	54,000,000	37.19
2.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	6,081,600	4.19
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Kidsave Trust	-,	
3.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	4,383,600	3.02
	Employees Provident Fund Board (RHB Inv)		
4.	DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad	3,917,200	2.70
	Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad for Eastspring Investmentssmall-Cap Fund		
5.	Dato' Lee Yoon Kong	3,858,246	2.66
6.	Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	3,709,248	2.55
7.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	3,364,700	2.32
	Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan) (RHB Inv)	, ,	
8.	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd.	2,960,000	2.04
	Exempt an for Citibank New York (Norges Bank 12)		
9.	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd.	2,398,800	1.65
10	Exempt an for Citibank New York (Norges Bank 14)	0 000 500	4 57
10.	DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad	2,283,500	1.57
	Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad for Eastspring Investmentsmy Focus Fund		
11.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,960,000	1.35
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Smart Treasure Fund	1,000,000	1.00
12.	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,609,400	1.11
	Pledged Securities Account for Ting Siew Pin (CEB)		
13.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,520,000	1.05
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Growth and Income Focus Trust		
14.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,519,400	1.05
15	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Equity Trust	1 500 000	1 00
15.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB-OSK Private Fund – Series 3	1,500,000	1.03
16.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,496,100	1.03
10.	Pledged Securities Account for Ting Siew Pin (8118995)	1,100,100	1.00
17.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,494,800	1.03
	Tan Yok Hua		
18.	Tokio Marine Life Insurance Malaysia Bhd As Beneficial Owner (PF)	1,300,800	0.90
19.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,245,000	0.86
~~	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Small Cap Opportunity Unit Trust		
20.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,184,000	0.82
21.	RHB Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. for RHB Insurance Berhad HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,159,800	0.80
21.	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Manulife Investment Progress Fund (4082)	1,159,000	0.00
22.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,092,700	0.75
	Universal Trustee (Malaysia) Berhad for CIMB-Principal Equity Fund	, ,	
23.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	930,000	0.64
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for AMB Ethical Trust Fund (4256)		
24.	Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	927,000	0.64
05	RHB Trustees Berhad for Manulife Investment Shariah Progressfund	004.000	0.04
25.	Goh Thong Beng CIMB Croup Naminaga (Tampatan) Sdp. Bhd	924,000	0.64 0.56
26.	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad – Kenanga Growth Fund	806,700	0.50
27.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	806,000	0.56
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for RHB Malaysia Dividend Fund	,	
28.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	786,700	0.54
	Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan) (Kenanga)		
29.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	645,600	0.44
00	Pledged Securities Account for Ting Siew Pin (8059095)	000.000	0.40
30.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. HSBC (M) Tructee Bhd for CIMB-Principal Malaysia Equity Fund	630,200	0.43
	HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for CIMB-Principal Malaysia Equity Fund		

SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Analysis by Size of Shareholdings as at 30 March 2016

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held	% of Shareholdings
1 – 99	121	9.45	1,892	0.00
100 – 1,000	356	27.79	104,748	0.07
1,001 – 10,000	454	35.44	2,193,282	1.51
10,001 – 100,000	228	17.80	7,722,284	5.32
100,001 – 7,259,999*	121	9.45	81,177,794	55.91
7,260,000 and above**	1	0.08	54,000,000	37.19
TOTAL	1,281	100.00	145,200,000	100.00

* Less than 5% of Issued Holdings

** 5% and above of Issued Holdings

List of Substantial Shareholders (5% and above) as at 30 March 2016

No.	Names of Substantial Shareholders	No. of Shares	%
1.	Pearl Deal (M) Sdn Bhd	54,000,000	37.19

Shareholders with holdings of 5% and above as at 30 March 2016

Names of Substantial		Direct Interest No. of Shares	De	eemed Interest No. of Shares		
No.	Shareholders	Hold	%	Held	%	
1.	Pearl Deal (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("PDSB")	54,000,000	37.19	_	_	
2.	Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	4,261,848	2.94	54,000,000#	37.19	
3.	Dato' Lee Yoon Kong	3,867,246	2.66	54,000,000#	37.19	

Deemed interest through PDSB

SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Directors' Interest as at 30 March 2016

	No. of Shares Hold	%
The Company		
Direct Interest		
Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail	9,000	0.01
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah	4,261,848	2.94
Dato' Lee Yoon Kong	3,867,246	2.66
Teow Lai Seng	9,000	0.01
Chim Wai Khuan	400,000	0.28
Wong Chow Lan	624	0.00
Lokman Bin Mansor	9,000	0.01
Shariff Bin Mohd Shah	449,128	0.31
Deemed Interest		
Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail *	44,556	0.03
Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah **	54,000,000	37.19
Dato' Lee Yoon Kong **	54,000,000	37.19

* Deemed interest by virtue of interest in Kasuria Sdn. Bhd.

** Deemed interest by virtue of interest in Pearl Deal (M) Sdn. Bhd.

NOTICE OF Sixteenth Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Sixteenth (16th) Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Glenmarie Ballroom B, Holiday Inn Kuala Lumpur Glenmarie, 1 Jalan Usahawan U1/8, Seksyen U1, 40250 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Thursday, 26th May 2016 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

1.		mber	the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st 2015 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors	-		
2.			e the payment of Directors' fees for the financial year ended 31st 2015.	1st (Ordinary Resolution 1)		
3.	To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring in accordance with Article 89 of the Company's Articles of Association and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election:-					
			ira Lee Yoon Wah Bin Mansor	(Ordinary Resolution 2) (Ordinary Resolution 3)		
4.	To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolution pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965:					
	"THAT pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, Tan Sri Dato' (Ordinary Resolution 4) Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail who have attained the age of over seventy (70) years, be and is hereby re-appointed as Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting."					
5.	To re-appoint Messrs Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng as Auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Ordinary Resolution 5)					
6.	AS SPECIAL BUSINESS					
To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:						
	a)	<u>Rete</u>	ntion of Independent Non-Executive Directors			
		who	T approval be and is hereby given to retain the following directors have each served as Independent Directors in accordance with the ysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012:			
		(i) (ii)	Lokman Bin Mansor (subject to the passing of Resolution 3) Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail (subject to the passing of Resolution 4)	(Ordinary Resolution 6) (Ordinary Resolution 7)		
		(iii) (iv) (v)	Chim Wai Khuan Wong Chow Lan Shariff Bin Mohd Shah	(Ordinary Resolution 8) (Ordinary Resolution 9) (Ordinary Resolution 10)		

NOTICE OF SIXTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

b) <u>Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies</u> (Ordinary Resolution 11) <u>Act, 1965</u>

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company and approvals and requirements of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities (where applicable), the Directors be and are hereby empowered pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 to allot and issue new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company, from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purpose and to such persons whomsoever the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to the resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued and paid up share capital for the time being of the Company And That such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company".

7. Any Other Business

To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Act, 1965.

By Order of the Board UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD

KOAY SOO NGOH (MAICSA 0856746) FOO LI LING (MAICSA 7019557) Chartered Secretaries

Petaling Jaya Date: 27th April 2016

NOTES:

- 1. A member of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxy to attend and vote at a meeting. Where a Member appoints two proxies, the appointments shall not be valid unless the Member specifies the proportion of his shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- 2. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Act shall not apply to the Company. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at the meeting shall have the same rights as the Member to speak at the Meeting.
- 3. The Instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal, or the hand of its attorney duly authorised. An instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a Meeting shall be deemed to include the power to demand a poll on behalf of the appointer.
- 4. Where a Member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.
- 5. Where a Member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under SICDA, which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

NOTICE OF SIXTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

- 6. The instrument appointing a proxy together with the power of attorney (if any) shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at 62C, Jalan SS21/62, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan at least forty-eight (48) hours before time appointed for holding the Meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 7. For purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend this Meeting, the Company shall request Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to issue a Record of Depositors as at 20th May 2016 pursuant to Article 47 (f) and paragraph 7.16(2) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements. A Depositor whose name appears as such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend this Meeting.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE AGENDA

Item 1 of the Agenda

This item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 169 (1) of the Companies Act, 1965 does not require shareholders' approval for the audited financial statements. Therefore, this item will not be put forward for voting.

Item 4 of the Agenda

The proposed Resolution 4 if passed, will enable Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail to continue in office until the next Annual General Meeting.

Item 6 (a) of the Agenda – Ordinary Resolutions 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 Retention as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company pursuant to the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012

The Nomination Committee has assessed the independence of Lokman Bin Mansor, Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail, Chim Wai Khuan, Wong Chow Lan and Shariff Bin Mohd Shah, who have served as an Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, and recommended that they continue to act as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- They fulfilled the criteria under the definition of an Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, and thus, they would be able to function as check and balance and provide an element of objectivity to the Board;
- (ii) They have performed their duty diligently by bringing independent and objective judgements to Board deliberations and in the best interest of the Company; and
- (iii) They also possess vast professional experience and bring the right mix of skills to the Board.

Item 6 (b) of the Agenda – Ordinary Resolution 11 Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

The Company continues to consider opportunities to broaden the operating base and earnings potential of the Company. The proposed Resolution 11 if passed, will authorise the directors to issue shares up to 10% of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company for the time being and for such purposes as the directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company.

The purpose for the renewal of a general mandate is to avoid any delay and costs in convening a general meeting and to specifically approve such an issue of shares for any possible fund raising activities (excluding placing of shares) for the purpose of funding future investment projects, additional working capital etc.

This authority unless revoked or varied at a general meeting will expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this notice, there were 13,200,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 issued, representing 10% of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company on 19th August 2015 pursuant to the mandate granted to the directors at the last Annual General Meeting held on 03rd June 2015 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF SIXTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(Pursuant to paragraph 8.27(2) of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements)

1. The profile of the Directors who are standing for re-election and re-appointment (as per Ordinary Resolution 2 to 4 as stated above) at the Sixteenth Annual General Meeting of the Company are as follows:-

Article 89 of the Company's Articles of Association

- Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah
- Lokman Bin Mansor

Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965

• Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail

Retention the following directors as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company, who have served the Company as board members for a cumulative term of more than nine years pursuant to the Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance 2012:

- i) Lokman Bin Mansor;
- ii) Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail;
- iii) Chim Wai Khuan;
- iv) Wong Chow Lan; and
- v) Shariff Bin Mohd Shah.
- 2. The profiles of the above Directors are set out in the Profile of Directors which appear from pages 7 to page 8 of this Annual Report.
- 3. The details of any interest in the securities of ULICORP and subsidiaries (if any) held by the said Directors are stated on page 30 of the Financial Statement book of the Annual Report 2015.

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UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD

(Company No. 510737-H) Incorporated in Malaysia

FORM OF PROXY

of
(address)
being a member/members of UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD, hereby appoint (Name of Proxy/Proxies/Corporate
Representative)
or failing him
(name)
of

(address)

or failling the abovenamed proxy/proxies/corporate representative, the Chairman of the meeting, as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my our behalf at the Sixteenth (16th) Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Glenmarie Ballroom B, Holiday Inn Kuala Lumpur Glenmarie, 1 Jalan Usahawan U1/8, Seksyen U1, 40250 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Thursday, 26th May 2016 at 10.00 a.m., and at any adjournment thereof, as indicated below: -

		For	Against
ORDINARY BUSINESS			
Resolution 1	Approve the payment of Directors' Fees		
Resolution 2	Re-election of Dato' Wira Lee Yoon Wah as Director		
Resolution 3	Re-election of Lokman Bin Mansor as Director		
Resolution 4	Re-appointment Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail as Director		
Resolution 5	Re-appointment of Messrs Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng as Auditors		
SPECIAL BUSINESS			
Resolution 6	To retain Lokman Bin Mansor as an Independent Non-Executive Director		
Resolution 7	To retain Tan Sri Dato' Wira Abd Rahman Bin Ismail as an Independent Non-Executive		
	Director		
Resolution 8	To retain Chim Wai Khuan as an Independent Non-Executive Director		
Resolution 9	To retain Wong Chow Lan as an Independent Non-Executive Director		
Resolution 10	To retain Shariff Bin Mohd Shah as an Independent Non-Executive Director		
Resolution 11	Authority to issue shares - Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965		

(if you wish to instruct your proxy how to vote, insert a tick in the appropriate box. Subject to any voting instructions so given, the proxy will vote, or may abstain from voting on any resolution as he may think fit.

If the member is an individual or joint shareholder:

	No. of shares held:
Signature	Date:
If the member is a corporation: The Common Seal of	seal
was hereunto affixed in accordance with its Articles of Association in the presence of	
	No. of shares held:
Signature Director Director/Secretary	Date:

NOTES TO FORM PROXY: -

- A member of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxy to attend and vote at a meeting. Where a Member appoints two proxies, the 1. appointments shall not be valid unless the Member specifies the proportion of his shareholding to be represented by each proxy. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the
- 2. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and the provisions of Section 149(1)(b) of the Act shall not apply to the Company. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at the meeting shall have the same rights as the Member to speak at the Meeting. The Instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal, or the hand of its attorney duly authorised. An instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a Meeting shall be deemed to include the power to demand a poll on behalf of the appointer. Where a Member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account. Where a Member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under SICDA, which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of prease which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- The instrument appointing a proxy together with the power of attorney (if any) shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at 62C, Jalan SS21/62, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan at least forty-eight (48) hours before time appointed for holding the Meeting or any adjournment thereof. 6.
- For purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend this Meeting, the Company shall request Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to issue a Record of Depositors as at 20 May 2016 pursuant to Article 47 (f) and paragraph 7.16(2) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements. A Depositor whose name appears as such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend this Meeting. 7.

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AFFIX STAMP

The Company Secretary **UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD** (510737-H) 62C, Jalan SS 21/62, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

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ANNUAL REPORT 2015



UNITED U-LI CORPORATION BERHAD (510737-H)

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